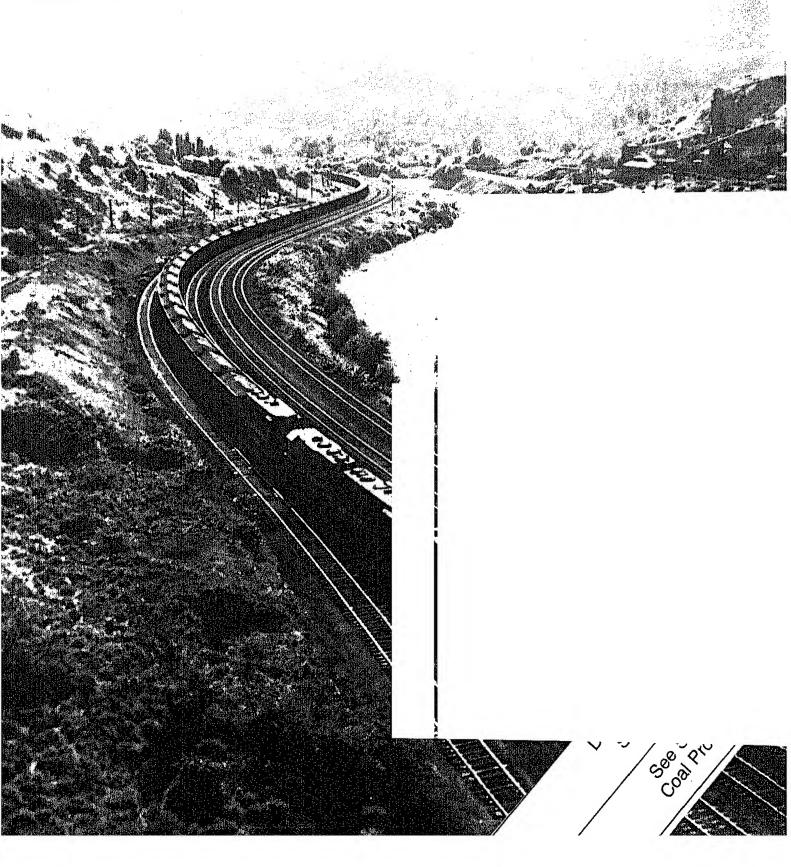
# Weekly Coal Production

Production for Week Ended: December 1, 1990



Energy Information Administration



#### **Preface**

The Weekly Coal Production (WCP) provides weekly estimates of U.S. coal production by State. Supplementary data are usually published monthly in two supplements: the Coal Exports and Imports Supplement and the Domestic Market Supplement. The Coal Exports and Imports Supplement contains detailed monthly data on U.S. coal and coke exports and imports. This week's Domestic Market Supplement contains detailed monthly electric utility coal statistics, by Census Division and State, for generation, consumption, stocks, receipts, sulfur content, prices, and the origin and destination of coal shipments. This supplement also contains summary-level, monthly data for all coal-consuming sectors on a quarterly basis.

Preliminary coal production data are published quarterly, based on production data collected using Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report." Based on 1988 data, the coal production estimation error for a quarter at the national level (i.e., the difference between the sum of the weekly estimates for a quarter and the quarterly EIA-6 preliminary data) ranges from 1 percent to 4 percent.

Final coal production data are published annually, based on the EIA-7A coal production survey. Based

on 1988 data, the revision error for a quarter at the national level (i.e., the difference between the EIA-6 preliminary data and the EIA-7A final data) ranges from .02 percent to .08 percent.

This publication is prepared by the Coal Division; Office of Coal, Nuclear, Electric and Alternate Fuels; Energy Information Administration (EIA) to fulfill its data collection and dissemination responsibilities as specified in the Federal Energy Administration Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-275) as amended. Weekly Coal Production is intended for use by industry, press, State and local governments, and consumers. Other publications that may be of interest are the quarterly Coal Distribution, the Quarterly Coal Report, Coal Production 1989, and Coal Data: A Reference.

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#### **Photo Credit:**

Vic Reinemer, American Public Power Association

State Coal Profile

- Distribution Category UC-98
- Released for Printing December 7, 1990

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#### Summary

U.S. coal production in the week ended December 1, 1990, as estimated by the Energy Information Administration, totaled 21 million short tons. This was 23 percent more than in the previous week, which included the Thanksgiving Day holiday, and slightly higher than in the comparable week in 1989. Production east of the Mississippi River totaled 13 million short tons, and production west of the Mississippi River totaled 9 million short tons.

For the first 11 months of 1990, coal production was 963 million short tons, 57 million short tons more than a year earlier. About 60 percent of the increase was east of the Mississippi, where West Virginia, Virginia, Pennsylvania and Indiana accounted for nearly 90 percent of the higher level of production. Wyoming contributed over half of the increase in production west of the Mississippi.

Coal consumption at electric utility plants in September 1990 totaled 67 million short tons, 9 percent less than August, due to the typical seasonal decline in demand for electricity. However, utility coal consumption in September 1990 was 6 percent higher than the level in September 1989.

Total coal consumption at electric utility plants for the first 9 months of 1990 was 578 million short tons, nearly 6 million short tons higher than in the comparable period of 1989. The largest regional changes occurred in the East North Central and East South Central Census Divisions, where coal consumption rose 6 million short tons and 3 million short tons, respectively, and in the South Atlantic Census Division, where coal consumption declined by 4 million short tons.

In the East North Central Census Division, Indiana and Illionois were the primary contributors to the increase in electric utility coal consumption, more than offsetting the decrease in Ohio. In Indiana, coal-fired generation was used to meet a higher demand for electricity. In Illinois, total electricity generation rose only slightly, but coal-fired generation was up by 12 percent because several nuclear-powered units, operated by the Commonwealth Edison Company and the Illinois Power Company, were down for maintenance. Coalfired generation in Ohio dropped due to lower electricity demand.

In the East South Central Census Division, Kentucky accounted for most of the higher coal consumption, as coal-fired generation was used to meet the increase in electricity demand as well as to compensate for a drop in hydroelectric generation.

In the South Atlantic Census Division, electric utilities in Virginia, West Virginia and North Carolina accounted for most of the decrease in coal consumption. Coal-fired electric generation declined in West Virginia and North Carolina due to lower demand for electricity. In Virginia, total electric generation was up, but coal-fired generation and petroleum-fired generation declined. This decline occurred because the Virginia Electric & Power Company's Surry and North Anna nuclear-powered plants were back in operation, after being out of service during part of the first 9 months of 1989.

Electric utility coal stocks were 10 percent higher than a year ago, with stocks on September 30, 1990, at 149 million short tons, compared with 136 million short tons a year earlier.

Coal receipts at electric utility plants in August 1990 were 71 million short tons, virtually the same as a year earlier. Coal receipts at electric utility plants for the first 8 months totaled 524 million short tons, 6 percent higher than in the comparable period of 1989, reflecting the build-up of coal stocks at electric utilities.

Figure 1. Coal Production

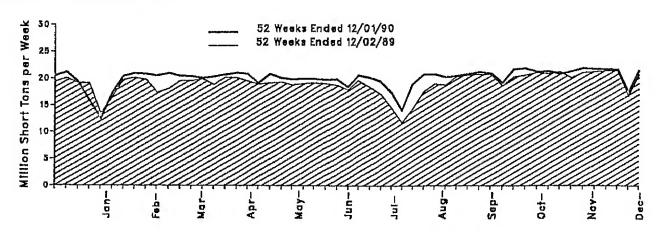


Table 1. Coal Production

Production	Week Ended			52 Weeks Ended		
and Carloadings	12/01/90	11/24/90	12/02/89	12/01/90	12/02/89	Percent Change
Production (Thousand Short Tons)  Bituminous¹ and Lignite  Pennsylvania Anthracite  U.S. Total	21,182 71 21,253	17,193 49 17,242	20,433 62 20,495	1,030,379 3,337 1,033,717	980,306 3,366 983,672	5.1 -,9 5.1
tailroad Cars Loaded	135,347	109,193	131,328	6,662,823	6,392,513	

Includes subbituminous coal.

Notes: 1990 data are preliminary. Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Sources: Association of American Railroads, Transportation Division, Weekly Statement CS-54A; Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; and State mining agency coal production reports.

Table 2. Coal Production by State (Thousand Short Tons)

		Week Ended	
Region and State	12/01/90	11/24/90	12/02/89
ituminous Coal <sup>s</sup> and Lignite			
East of the Mississippi	12,620	9,025	12,500
Alabama	592	443	635
Illinois	<b>i</b> ,103	1,101	1,188
Indiana	947	623	762
Kentucky	3,407	2,297	3,543
Kentucky, Eastern	2,514	1,657	2,631
Kentucky, Western	893	640	912
Maryland	61	40	66
Ohio	706	471	709
Pennsylvania Bituminous	1.299	1.004	1,255
Tennessee	145	96	157
Virginia	1.013	668	882
West Virginia	3,349	2,284	3,303
West of the Mississippi	8,562	8,167	7,933
Alaska	31	25	43
Arizona	260	211	241
Arkansas	2	1	2
Colorado	435	314	365
lowa	8	6	7
Kansas	25	20	25
Louisiana	63	41	82
Missouri	61	50	74
	809	847	797
Montana	450	187	464
New Mexico	666	697	594
North Dakota	34	33	41
Oklahoma	1.188	964	1,073
Texas	494	374	422
Utah		87	106
Washington	107		3,597
Wyoming	3,931	4,309	3,587
Ituminous <sup>1</sup> and Lignite Total	21,182	17,193	20,433
ennsylvania Anthracite	71	49	62
.s. Total	21,253	17,242	20,495

<sup>1</sup> Includes subbituminous coal. Notes: 1990 data are preliminary. Total may not equal sum of components because of Independent rounding. Sources: Association of American Railroads, Transportation Division, Weekly Statement CS-54A; Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; and State mining agency coal production reports.

Table 3. Coal Production by State, November 1990 (Thousand Short Tons)

					Year to Date	
Region and State	November 1990	October 1990	November 1989	1990	1989	Percent Change
Bituminous Coal <sup>1</sup> and Lignite						
East of the Mississippi	52,030	58,032	52,539	586,192	551,987	6.2
Alabama	2,423	2,619	2,591	27,208	25,813	5.4
ilinois	5,028	5,020	5,023	55,054	54,751	.6
Indiana	3,715	3,965	3,122	36,580	31,077	17.7
Kentucky	13,645	15,297	14.718	156,348	155,425	.6
Kentucky, Eastern	10,023	11,330	10.957	115,333	116.781	-1.2
Kentucky, Western	3,621	3,967	3,761	41,014	38,643	6.1
Maryland	243	277	281	2,994	3,149	-4.9
Ohio	2.934	3,248	2,965	32,699	31,216	4.8
Pennsylvania Bituminous	6.065	7,198	5,860	68,324	62,408	9.5
Tennessee	570	623	622	6.309	5,948	6.1
Virginia	3,877	4.378	3,501	46,369	40,022	15.9
West Virginia	13,530	15,407	13,856	154,307	142,178	8.5
The state of the s	10,000	10,407	10,000	104,507	142,170	0.0
West of the Mississippi	38,852	37,671	34,426	373,756	351,263	6.4
Alaska	129	139	182	1,309	1,427	-8.2
Arizona	1,093	1,177	1,029	10,600	11.057	-4.1
Arkansas	7	8	1,020	57	62	-8.3
California	•	-	ď	13	41	-68.1
Colorado	1,750	1,912	1,613	18.307	• •	
lowa	32	35	31		15,477	18.3
Kansas	105	113		345	404	-14.5
Louisiana	274	318	105	918	766	19.8
Missouri	258	277	307	2,985	2,768	7.8
Montana	3.542		317	2,662	3,107	-14.3
New Mexico	-•	3,340	3,507	34,880	34,660	.6
North Dakota	1,832	2,509	1,950	23,110	21,921	5.4
Oklahoma	2,918 157	2,752	2,615	28,037	27,268	2.8
Texas	4,983	178	157	1,806	1,599	13.0
Ulah	•	5,365	4,574	53,367	49,950	6,8
Washington	1,995	2,171	1,847	21,042	18,241	15.4
	449	483	451	4,699	4,654	.9
Wyoming	17,329	16,896	15,732	169,621	157,862	7.4
ituminous <sup>1</sup> and Lignite Total	88,882	95,703	86,965	959,949	000.054	
ennsylvania Anthracite	310	354	272		903,251	6.3
	***	444	212	3,115	3,115	.0
S. Total	89,192	96,058	87,236	963,064	906,368	6.3

¹ Includes subbituminous coal.

Note: 1990 data are preliminary. Total may not equal sum of components b∘cause of independent rounding.

Sources: Association of American Railroads, Transportation Division, Weekly Statement CS-54A; Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report"; Form EIA-7A, "Coal Production Report"; and, State mining agency coal production reports.

Table 4. Coal Supply and Demand, 1981-1990 (Thousand Short Tons)

Year and Month	Production	Consumption	Imports	Exports	Consumer Stocks <sup>1</sup>
981	823,775	732,627	1,043	112,541	185,274
982	838,112	706,911	742	106,277	195,254
983	782,091	736,672	1,271	77,772	168,654
984	895,921	791,296	1,286	81,483	197,211
985	883,638	818,049	1,952	92,680	170,234
986	890,315	804,312	2,212	85,518	175,226
987	918,762	836,941	1,747	79,607	185,459
988					
January	75,585	78,967	159	4,434	177,581
February	77,054	72,166	162	4.482	173,762
March	84,251	69,654	221	7,145	175,279
April	75,623	64,156	107	8,943	178,232
May	74,284	68,511	224	7,905	178,616
	74,204	75,080	257		
June				8,053	173,308
July	69,451	81,994	203	8,303	160,130
August	98,576	85,302	205	9,322	153,087
September	83,596	71,378	29	10,066	154,331
October	81,241	70,252	229	9,010	158,766
November	83,284	70,011	207	8,338	161,786
December	80,584	78,194	131	9,023	158,413
Total	950,265	883,664	2,134	95,023	•
989					
January	82,331	77,491	66	6,306	153,741
February	75,414	73,220	131	6,749	148,124
March	89,421	72,735	334	8,375	149,150
April	77,456	66,140	158	9,104	154,741
May	82,776	68,270	312	9,685	161,059
	78,795	73,361	218	9.657	159,001
June	68,601	79,603	375	6.209	145,389
July		•			•
August	91,349	80,148	247	8,122	144,959
September	85,115	72,393	303	9,661	147,154
October	89,873	71,180	160	9,293	153,362
November	87,236	71,543	245	9,768	157,790
December	74,363	83,410	303	7,888	146,120
Total	980,729	889,491	2,851	100,815	
990	0				
January	90,541	76,650	175	7,447	148,718
February	82,017	68,249	268	6,243	153,905
March	91,616	71,030	292	8,693	161,433
April	83,150	67,398	182	8,590	167,044
May	86,497	68,725	144	9,827	174,060
June	84,581	74,733	348	9,316	173,673
July	81,210	NA	200	9,194	NA
	93,558	NA.	120	10,065	NA
August	•		194	10,238	NA
September	84,645	NA 		10,238 NA	NA NA
October	96,058	NA	NA	IAM	ITA

<sup>The residential and commercial sector is not included. Stocks are reported as of the last day of the period.

Not available.

Note: Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Sources: Production: Energy information Administration (EIA) Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report"; and State mining agency coal production reports. Imports: Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, "Monthly Report IM 145." Exports: Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, "Monthly Report EM 522." Consumption and Consumer Stocks: EIA, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report"; Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants"; Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly"; and Form EIA-8, "Coal Distribution Report."</sup> 

Table 5. Coal Consumption, 1981-1990 (Thousand Short Tons)

Vanua and Hand	Electric	- tn	dustrial		
Year and Month	Utilities	Coke Plants	Other Industrial <sup>1</sup>	Residential and Commercial	Total
981	506 707				
	596,797	61,014	67,395	7,421	732,627
982	593,666	40,908	64,097	8,240	706,911
983	625,211	37,033	65,980	8,448	736,672
1984	664,399	44,022	73,745	9,130	791,296
985 ,	693,841	41,056	75,372	7,779	_
1986	605.050			7,779	818,049
	685,056	36,008	75,583	7,667	804,312
1987	717,894	36,957	75,175	6,914	836,941
1988					
January	67,850	3,465	6,826	222	
February	61,401	3,297	6,789	826	78,967
March	58,758	3,595	6,801	678	72,166
April	54,135	3,508		500	69,654
May	56,529	3,686	5,904	808	64,156
June	65,343	•	5,937	358	66,511
July	71,749	3,353	5,944	440	75,080
August	75.253	3,605	5,962	679	81,994
September	61,540	3,418	5,972	658	85,302
October		3,461	5,989	388	71,378
November	59,561	3,550	6,694	446	70,252
December	59,305	3,403	6,710	594	70,011
Total	68,948	3,568	6,724	955	78, 194
Total	756,372	41,910	76,252	7,130	883,664
989					
January	66,619	3,568	0.074		
February	62,613	•	6,671	632	77,491
March	81,906	3,295	6,619	693	73,220
April	55,929	3,722	6,595	512	72,735
May	58.359	3,613	6,088	511	66,140
June	63,623	3,525	6,050	338	68,270
July		3,368	6,073	296	73,361
August	69,705	3,527	5,875	496	79,603
September	70,471	3,336	5,891	449	80,148
October	62,889	3,320	5,865	318	72,393
November	60,541	3,599	6,829	210	71,180
November	30,896	3,301	6,815	530	71,543
December	72,267	3,195	6,764	1,184	83,410
Total	765,820	41,369	76,134	6,167	889,491
990					•
January	66,060	3,354	0.504		
February	58,003	3,025	6,524	712	76,650
March	60,616	3,369	6,567	655	68,249
April	57,661	3,181	6,495	550	71,030
May	59.042		6,024	532	67,398
June	85,187	3,317	6,005	361	68,725
July	71,020	3,157	6,036	373	74,733
August	73,200	NA	NA	NA	NA
September		NA	NA	NA	NA
	66,948	NA	NA	NA	NA NA

<sup>1</sup> Includes transportation.
Not available.
Note: Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.
Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA) Electric Utilities: Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." Coke Plants: Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report." Other industrial: Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report." Manufacturing Plants" and Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report."

Table 6. Coal Stocks, 1981-1990 (Thousand Short Tons)

	Consumers							
Year and Month <sup>s</sup>	Electric Utilities	Coke Plants	Other Industrial <sup>2</sup>	Total	Producers and Distributor			
1981	168,893	6,475	9,906	185,274	24,149			
1982	181,132	4,642	9,479	•	·			
	•	•	•	195,254	38,784			
983	155,598	4,348	8,710	188,654	33,931			
984	179,727	8,166	11,317	197,211	34,090			
985	156,376	3,420	10,43B	170,234	33,133			
986	161,806	2,992	10,429	175,226	32,093			
987	170,797	3,884	10,777	185,459	28,321			
988								
January	163,561	3,942	10.058	177,561	31,135			
February	160,424	4,000	9,339	173,762	33,950			
March	162,603	4.057	8,619	175,762	36,764			
April	165,750	3,959	8,523	178,279	36,764 36,536			
May	166,328	3,861	8,427	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
June	161,215	3,763	8,331	178,616	36,307			
July	148,234	•		173,308	36,079			
August	141,389	3,467 3,172	8,428	160,130	34,506			
September	142,830		8,526	153,087	32,933			
October	147,130	2,877	8,624	154,331	31,360			
		2,964	8,672	158,766	31,046			
November	150,018	3,051	8,720	161,786	30,732			
December	146,507	3,137	8,768	158,413	30,418			
989								
January	142,403	3,264	8.073	153.741	32,076			
February	137,354	3,391	7,378	148,124	33,734			
March	138,949	3,518	6,683	149,150	35,392			
April	144.596	3,466	6,679	154,741	33,759			
May	150,970	3,413	6.675	161.059	32,127			
June	148,968	3,361	6,671	159,001	•			
July	134.859	3,476	7,054		30,494			
August	133,932	3,591		145,389	29,946			
September	135,629	3,707	7,436	144,959	29,397			
		-1	7,818	147,154	28,848			
November	142,270	3,426	7,666	153,362	28,899			
November	147,131	3,145	7,515	157,790	28,949			
December	135,894	2,864	7,363	146,120	29,000			
990 January	120.250	2 102	7.007	110 710	** * * *			
January	138,358	3,123	7,237	148,718	30,945			
February	143,413	3,382	7,110	153,905	32,891			
March	150,808	3,641	6,984	161,433	34,838			
April	156,318	3,600	7,128	167,044	35,436			
May	163,233	3,559	7,268	174,060	36,035			
June	162,745	3,518	7,410	173,673	36,635			
July	154,979	NA	NA	NA	NA			
August	151,998	NA	NA	NA	NA			
September	149,120	NA	NA	NA	NA			

Reported as of the last day of the period.
 Manufacturing plants only.
 Not available.

Note: Total may not equal sum of components because of Independent rounding.

Sources: Energy Information Administration (EIA) Electric Utilities: Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report." Cake Plants: Form EIA-5, "Coke Plant Report - Quarterly." Other Industrial: Form EIA-3, "Quarterly Coal Consumption Report - Manufacturing Plants." Producers and Distributors: Form EIA-6, "Coal Distribution Report."

Table 7. Coal Statistics for Electric Utilities, 1981-1990

		Rec	elpts			Gene	ration	
Year and Month	Quantity (thousand short tons)	Percent Contract	Price (cents per MM Btu)	Quality (lbs. sulfur per MM Btu)	Consumption (thousand short tons)	GWh <sup>1</sup>	Percent Coal	Stocks (thousand short tons
1981	579,374	86.9	153	1,43	596,797	1,203,203	52,4	168,893
1982	601,427	90.4	165	1,42	593,666	1,192,004	53.2	
1983	592,728	88.3	166	1,39	625,211			181,132
1984	684,111	85.5	166	1.39	684,399	1,259,424	54.5 55.5	155,598
1985	666,743	88.9	165	1.32		1,341,681		179,727
1986	686,964	87.5			693,841	1,402,128	56.8	156,376
1987			158	1.32	685,056	1,385,831	55.7	161,808
1988	721,298	84.6	151	1.31	717,894	1,463,781	56.9	170,797
January	58,626	85.7	147	1.32	67,850	137,845	57.9	102 504
February	56,871	86.7	149	1.27	61,401	126,267	58.2	163,561
March	59,021	88.8	149	1.27	58,758	120,034	56.1	160,424 162,603
April	56,136	87.9	150	1,24	54,135	109,135	55.7	•
May ,	57,920	87.9	150	1.25	56,529	115,195	55,3	165,750 166,328
June	59,337	87, 1	148	1.25	65,343	132,268	56.8	
July	58,989	86.9	148	1.21	71,749	•		161,215
August	68,696	86.4	145	1.24	75,253	144,301	56.0	148,234
September	63,103	85.2	145	1.27	61,540	152,377	56.9	141,389
October	63,574	86.3	146	1,29	59,561	124,410	56.5	142,830
November	62,015	84.3	146	1.26	59,305	121,339	57.6	147,130
De cember	63,487	82.6	142	1.27	•	121,054	57.8	150,016
Total	727,775	86.3	147	1.26	68,948 758,372	136,427 1,540,853	58.6 57.0	146,507
989								
January	62,443	82.6	143	4.00				
repruary	56,634	82.9	145	1.28	86,619	134,968	58.1	142,403
March	63,218	83.4	144	1.29	62,613	127,194	57.9	137,354
April	62,078	82.2	144	1.28	61,906	126,706	55.9	138,949
May	64,796	84.0	145	1.27	55,929	115,271	55.5	144,596
June enul	61,272	83.9	145	1.30	58,359	118,956	54.1	150,970
July	55,429	83.2	144	1.26	63,623	128,454	54.6	148,968
August	70.147	82.9	145	1.22	69,705	138,467	53.9	134,859
September	64,539	81.1	146	1.29	70,471	141,710	54.9	133,932
October	66,578	80.7		1.27	62,889	126,730	55.9	135,629
November	65,570	80.7	145	1.29	60,541	122,212	55.7	142,270
December	60,515	81.9	144	1.28	60,896	124,154	56.7	147,131
Total	753,217	82.4	143 144	1,27 1,28	72,267 765,820	147,030	56.8	135,894
990					. 401020	1,551,852	55.8	
January	07 007	<b>as</b> =						
February	67,637	82.7	145	1.30	66,060	132,496	55.9	138,358
March	62,280	82.1	146	1.30	58,003	115,898	54.5	143,413
April	67,518	83.1	145	1.31	60,616	122,958	54.5	150,808
May	63,888	82.9	147	1.30	57,661	117,111	55.6	156,318
June	64,958	83.1	148	1.30	59,042	119,644	53.8	163,233
hilu	63,604	82.4	148	1.29	65,167	132,459	53.2	
July	63,427	82.8	144	1.26	71,020	144,232		162,745
AugustSeptember	70,571	83.5	145	1.29	73,200	146,858	54.2 54.9	154,979
	NA	NA	NA	NA	66,948	170,000	54.8	151,998

<sup>1</sup> Gigawatthours
Not available.
Note: MM Biu represents million Btu.
Sources: Receipts: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."
Consumption, Stocks and Generation: Energy Information Administration, Form EtA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

fable 8. Coal-Fired Net Generation, September 1990 (Gigawatthours)

			1			Year to Da	Year to Date					
Census Division and State	September 1990	September 1989	Percent	Coa	al Generation		Percent of To	tal Generation				
and State	1990	1863	Change	1990	1989	Percent Change	1990	1989				
gew England	1,598	1,376	18.1	12,074	12,476	-3.2	17.0	17.4				
Connecticut	210	218	-3.6	1,855	1,509	22.9	7.6	5.9				
Massachusetts	1,086	878	23.6	8,218	8,632	-4.8	29.1	30.7				
New Hampshire	302	280	7.8	2,001	2,334	-14.3	20.3	42.3				
Rhode Island	-	•	NM_	•	*	NM	*	*				
siddle Atlantic	11,084	11,320	-2.1	101,907	102,662	7	40.5	42.6				
Mew Jersey	561	562	2	5,573	6,392	-12.8	21.3	20,4				
New York	2,196	2,021	8.6	18,926	18,712	1.1	19.3	19.3				
Pennsylvania	8,328	8,736	-4.7	77,409	77,558	2	60.9	69.1				
ast North Central	29,379	28,253	4.0	272,039	263,394	3.3	73.8	73.2				
PILLIOIS	4,214	4,203	.3	40,886	36,506	12.0	42.7	38.4				
Michigan	7,964 5,267	7,037 5,307	13.2 -,8	73,035	63,690	14.7	98.3	98.6				
Ohio	9,365	9,272	-,8 1.0	48,953 85,249	50,043 89,750	-2.2 -5.0	70.2 90.1	73.2 91.0				
Wisconsin	2,568	2,433	5.5	23,917	23,405	2.2	70.4	70.9				
West North Central	13,540	12,186	11.1	122,051	119,249	2.2	74.9	74.8				
Jowa	2,084	1,806	15.4	18,681	18,450	1.3	86.4	84.9				
Kansas	2,021	1,723	17.3	18,187	17,297	5.1	71.4	66.9				
Minnesota	2,146	2,126	.9	19,055	18,813	1.3	65.1	88.6				
Missouri	4,382	3,836	14.2	35,554	37,258	-4.6	79.3	84.4				
Nebraska	837	830	.8	10,087	8,419	19.8	61,0	55.8				
North Dakota	1,918	1,629	11.6	18,657	17,197	8.5	93.0	92.0				
South Dakota	252 29,896	235	7.0	1,830	1,815	.8	36.1	32.3				
Delaware	435	27,422 443	9.0 -1.9	241,356 3,579	251,151	-3.9 -5.9	59.5 64.9	61.7				
District of Columbia	700	- 170	-1.0	3,070	3,802	-0.0	94.3	59.6				
Florida	5,342	5,622	-5.0	45,040	45,001	.1	47.4	47.8				
Georgia	6,654	5,727	16.2	51,253	49,088	4.4	69,3	69.7				
Maryland	1,935	2,033	-4.8	17,703	18,166	-2.5	76.8	64.9				
North Carolina	4,940	4,089	20.8	34,617	38,003	-8.9	55.7	58.0				
South Carolina	1,982	1,821	8.8	17,608	18,728	-6.0	33.9	37.0				
	1,974	1,610	22.6	14,712	18,734	-21.5	40.4	60.4				
West Virginia	6,634	6,076	9.2	58,843	59,631	-4.7	99.1	99.0				
Alabama	16,733 5,166	14,184 4,414	18.0 17.1	137,346	131,002	4.B	72.7	72.1				
Kentucky	5,933	5,435	9.2	39,552 53,740	39,472 49,548	.2 8.5	67.6 95.7	68,0 93.8				
MI ssissippi	989	883	12.0	7,598	6,820	11.4	39.7	43.1				
Tennessee	4.645	3,452	34.5	36,456	35,162	3.7	66.1	64.0				
West South Central	16,050	15,150	5.9	134,972	135,426	3	46.8	48.7				
Arkansas	1,848	1,445	27.9	13,793	12,863	7.2	48.3	51.3				
Louisiana	1,723	1,528	<b>.12.8</b>	12,778	14,436	-11.5	28.9	34.9				
Oklahoma	2,168	1,828	18.6	18,872	17,752	6.3	53.8	52.6				
Texas	10,310	10,350	4	89,529	90,375	9	49.6	50,7				
Mountain	16,062 2,749	1 <b>5,</b> 913 2,790	.9 -1.5	139,553	136,436	2.3	76.1	77.2				
Colorado	2,339	2,437	-4.0	24,525 22,219	24,183 21,808	1.4 1.9	53.8 94.2	59.0 90.4				
ldaho	-	2,10,	- 4.0	22,210	21,000	-	04.2	30.4				
Montana	1,294	1,467	~11.8	10,463	11,659	10.3	56.6	62.6				
Nevada	1,549	1,228	26.1	10,870	12,133	-10.4	76.4	77.6				
New Mexico	2,041	2,493	-18.1	19,617	18,903	3.8	B9.9	89.6				
Utah	2,664	2,662	1	23,604	21,969	7.4	97.7	97.1				
Nyoming	3,427	2,836	20.8	28,255	25,783	9.6	97.9	97.6				
California	906	925	-2.0	5,608	6,660	-15.8	2.7	3,2				
Oregon	181	-	NM	248	440	-43,6	.7					
Washington	698	905	-22.9	5,12 <b>1</b>	6,002	-43.0 -14.7	6,7	1,3 9,3				
Naska	27	20	38.5	238	218	9,1	7.3	6.8				
Hawaii	•	-	-	-		-	-	-				
S. Total					4							
`5. Total	135,248	126,730	8.7	1,166,905	1,158,456	.7	54.8	55.6				

For quantity data, the absolute value of the number is less than 0.5 glgawatthours. For percentage calculations, the absolute value of the number is

S than 0.05 percent.

Percent change calculation not meaningful as value is greater than 500.

Notes: Negative generation denotes that electric power consumed for plant use exceeds gross generation. Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Table 9. Coal Consumption at Electric Utility Plants, September 1990 (Thousand Short Tons)

Consus Birdaian	September	Anneat	Contombou	Year to Date			
Census Division and State	• •	August 1990	September 1989	1990	1989	Percen Change	
New England	603	571	512	4,591	4,699	-2.3	
Connecticut	84	87	84	757	606	24.9	
Massachusetts	402	369	325	3,061	3,212	-4.7	
New Hampshire	117	115	103	773	881	-12.2	
Rhode Island	*	*	*	*	*	-	
Middle Allantic	4,505	4,949	4,583	41,323	41,756	-1.0	
New Jersey	220	316	222	2,152	2,484	-13.4	
New York	885	946	812	7,654	7,515	1.9	
Pennsylvania	3,400	3,687	3,549	31,516	31.757	8	
East North Central	13,876	15,473	13,362	129,213	123,222	4.9	
Illinois	2,159	2,548	2,147	20,847	18,324	13.8	
Indiana	3,913	4,357	3,471	36,251	•		
Michigan	2,396	•	•		31,098	16.6	
Ohio	3.951	2,584	2,402	22,333	22,134	.9	
Wisconsin		4,309	3,996	36,315	38,462	-5.6	
West North Central	1,456	1,675	1,346	13,467	13,204	2.0	
	9,489	9,659	7,694	76,937	74,541	3.2	
lowa	1,264	1,491	1,098	11,514	11,133	3.4	
Kansas	1,286	1,408	1,105	11,502	11,144	3.2	
Minnesota	1,430	1,464	1,400	12,049	11,869	1.5	
Missouri	2,145	2,398	1,923	17,718	18,457	~4.0	
Nebraska	534	772	531	6.381	5,322	19.9	
North Dakota	1,595	1,910	1,415	18,032	14.877	7.8	
South Dakota	236	217	222	1,740	1,739	*	
South Atlantic	11,922	12,929	11,051	95,951	100,289	-4.3	
Delaware	181	176	189	1,499	1,600		
Florida	2,185	2,384	2,337	18,276		-6.3	
Georgia	2,788	3,067	2,356		18,436	9	
Maryland	740	799	784	20,964	20,119	4.2	
North Carolina	1,889	1,984	1,594	6,800	6,957	-2,3	
South Carolina	793	1,002		13,360	14,652	-8.8	
Virginia	767	856	730	7,046	7,438	-5.3	
West Virginia	2,579		647	5,786	7,482	-22.7	
ast South Central	7,126	2,862	2,414	22,221	23,608	-5.9	
Alabama		7,810	6,117	58,194	55,334	5.2	
Kentucky	2,126	2,437	1,866	16,358	16,175	1.1	
	2,639	2,941	2,419	23,573	21,758	8.3	
Mississippi	412	507	359	3,120	2,796	11.6	
Tennessee	1,948	1,925	1,474	15,143	14,605	3.7	
Vest South Central	10,959	12,078	10,468	92,522	93,998	-1.6	
Arkansas	1,146	1,203	881	8,518	7,831	8.8	
Louisiana	1,124	1,245	1,001	8,639	9,430	-8.4	
Oklahoma	1,280	1,467	1,111	11,114	10,638		
Texas	7,409	8,160	7,472	64,251		4.5	
ountain	8,818	9,166	8,485	75,177	66,097	~2.8	
Arizona	1,390	1,545	1,390	12.281	73,873	1.8	
Colorado	1,270	1,403	1,311	•	12,127	1,3	
Montana	814	584	914	11,915	11,666	2.1	
łevada	865	937	597	6,604	7,384	-10,6	
Yew Mexico	1,204	1,367		5,627	5,919	~4.9	
Jiah	1,153	1,186	1,441	11,440	11,542	9	
Myoming	2,121	2,144	1,139	10,129	9,543	6.1	
cific	852		1,693	17,181	15,692	9.5	
Oregon	177	568	620	3,810	4,406	-13.5	
Vashington	450	55	*	232	306	-24.0	
Vaska		491	579	3,366	3,879	-13.2	
	24	20	41	211	222	-4.9	
S. Total	00.040				~~~	~4.0	
	66,948	73,200	62,889	577,718	572,115		

For quantity data, the absolute value of the number is less than 0.5 thousand short tons. For percentage calculations, the absolute value of the number is less than 0.05 percent.
Note: Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.
Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Table 10. Coal Stocks at Electric Utility Plants, September 1990 (Thousand Short Tons)

Census Division and State	September 30, 1990	August 31, 1990	September 30, 1989	Percent Change September 30: 1990 versus 1989
New England	1,244	1,392	1,087	14.5
Connecticut	142	149	129	10.0
Massachusetts	724	844	733	-1.2
New Hampshire	351	372	197	78.0
Rhode Island	28	28	28	*
Middle Atlantic	16,369	15,863	13,166	24.3
New Jersey	723	720	528	36.9
New York	1,568	1,561	1,210	29.6
Pennsylvania	14,079	13,582	11,429	23.2
ast North Central	38,075	37,155	35,279	7.9
Illnois	6.988	7,141	9,016	-22.5
Indlana	9.773	9.367	7.639	27.9
Michigan	8,236	7.676	7.872	4.6
Ohlo	9,173	9,097	6,303	45.5
Wisconsin	3,904	3,875	4.449	-12.2
Vest North Central	18,882	19,408	20,092	-6.0
lowa	4,037	3,876	4,102	- 1.6
Kansas	3,241	3,457	3,598	~9.9
Minnesota	2,005	2,055	2,142	-6.4
Missouri	4,670	5.017	4,333	7.8
Nebraska	1.585	1,513	1.785	-11.2
North Dakota	3,073	3.197	3.846	-20.1
South Dakota	272	291	285	-4.7
South Atlantic	25,721	26,802	19.466	32.1
Delaware	355	461	216	64.7
	4.851	4,802	4,218	10.3
Florida	5,122	5.638	4,222	21.3
Georgia		1.765	1,209	58.1
Maryland	1,911	4,385	2,796	39.8
North Carolina	3,909		1,467	20.9
South Carolina	1,773	1,829	1,467	34.2
Virginia	1,471	1,414	•	53.9
West Virginia	6,530	6,509	4,243	26.6
ast South Central	14,787	15,231	11,682	.7
Alabama	3,804	4,051	3,779	
Kentucky	6,891	8,761	4,104	65.5
Mississippi	612	710	693	-11.7
Tennessee	3,480	3,708	3,048	14.2 -13.6
Vest South Central	14,268	16,793	16,521	
Arkansas	1,479	1,828	2,730	-45.8
Louisiana	2,304	2,225	2,267	1,6
Oklahoma	2,825	2,912	2,992	- 5.6
Texas	7,660	9,828	8,531	-10.2
lountain	17,510	17,013	16,719	4.7
Arizona	2,804	2,702	3,526	-20.5
Colorado	3,613	3,622	4,009	-9.9
Montana	835	896	829	.8
Nevada	1,264	1,179	1,045	21.0
New Mexico	1,413	1,371	1,208	17.0
Utah	3,869	3,728	3,153	22.7
Wyoming	3,711	3,515	2,949	25.8
acific	2,263	2,339	1,617	39.9
Oregon	648	646	480	35.0
Washington	1,614	1,69 f	1,134	42.4
Alaska	1	2	4	-66.4
J.S. Total	149,120	151,996	135,629	9.9

<sup>\*</sup> For quantity data, the absolute value of the number is less than 0.5 thousand short tons. For percentage calculations, the absolute value of the number is less than 0.05 percent.

Note: Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding,
Source: Energy Information Administration, Form EIA-759, "Monthly Power Plant Report."

Table 11. Coal Receipts at Electric Utility Plants, August 1990 (Thousand Short Tons)

Census Division and State	August 1990	July	August		Year to Date	
and orate	1930	1990	1989	1990	1989	Percent Change
New England	542	427	409	4,349	4,080	6.4
Connecticut	76	63	73	686	536	28.0
Massachusetts	361	297	218	2,860	2,928	-2.5
New Hampshire	105	67	120	804	616	30.
diddle Atlantic	5,104	4,195	5,221	39,658	36,646	8.
New Jersey	253	75	329	2,006	2,232	-10.3
New York	843	705	898	6,973	6,516	7.0
Pennsylvania	4,008	3,415	3,994	30,679	27,897	10.0
ast North Central	16,278	14,324	15,858	115,240	103,765	11.
Illnois	2,277	2,108	2,140	17,710	16,287	8.7
Indiana	4,377	3,889	3,917	32,973	25.302	30.3
Michigan	3,503	2,675	3,208	18,229	17.587	
Ohio	4,405	4,184	4,882	34,494	32,855	3.7
Wisconsin	1,716	1,467	1,711	11,834	11.733	5.0
Vest North Central	9,033	8,475	9,193	69,210	67,130	3.
lowa	1,363	1,308	1,361	10,193	9,573	3.1
Kansas	1.341	1,336	1,255	10,636	10,227	6.5
Minnesota	1,270	1,134	1,653	10,900	•	4.0
Missouri	2,257	1,908	2,223	16,229	10,233	6.5
Nebraska	686	813	678	5,719	16,439	-1.3
North Dakota	1,912	1,780	1,831	14,192	4,952	15.5
South Dakota	205	197	191	1,340	14,353	-1,1
outh Atfantic	12,217	10,274	11,778	89,912	1,353	-1.0
Delaware	238	165	130	1,519	84,629	6.2
Florida	2,081	1,857	1,810	16,438	1,191	27.5
Georgia	2.438	2,575	2,352	18,517	15,530	5.8
Maryland	943	727	971	6,768	16,978	9.1
North Carolina	1,844	1,348	1,857	13,032	5,987	13,0
South Carolina	896	825	1,043	6,239	11,894	9.6
Virginia	690	635	827	5,024	6,445	-3.2
West Virginia	8,087	2,142	2,789	22,374	6,554	-23.3
est South Central	6,844	6,334	6,308	55,874	20,048	11.6
Nabama	1.799	1,783	1,845	14,630	48,957	13.7
Kentucky	2,994	2,635	2,734	24,279	14,009	4.4
kqqizaita	330	308	244	2,672	20,280	19.7
Tennessee	1.721	1,608	1,486	14.092	2,287	16.9
est South Central	11,138	10,912	11,465	80,102	12,381	13.8
\vkansas	999	1,062	1,198	7,048	82,299	-2.7
ouisiana	1,110	943	1,197	7,048 7,120	7,646	-7.8
Oklahoma	1,242	1,170	1,310	• •	7,964	-10.8
exas	7,787	7,737	7,760	9,718	9,764	5
ountain	8,893	7,951	9,479	56,217	56,925	-1.2
vizona	1,292	1,075	1,542	65,951	64,765	1.8
olorado	1,391	1,225	1,420	10,130	10,055	.7
lontana	633	598	1,021	10,322	10,502	-1.7
evada	650	772	739	5,894	6,508	-9.4
ew Mexico	1.391	1.416	1,416	4,929	4,945	3
tah	1,393	952	1,416	10,272	9,816	4.6
lyoming	2,144	1,916	1,421	9,430	8,725	8.1
ific	523	534	•	14,974	14,215	5.3
regon	122	101	435	3,787	3,745	1.1
ashington	401	433	435	223 3,564	3,745	-4.8
Total	***				• • •	
. Total	70,571	63,427	70,147	523,883	496,015	5.6

Note: Total may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

Source: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 12. Quality and Price of Coal Receipts at Electric Utility Plants, August 1990

		ugust 990		lgust 989			Year	to Date		
Census Division and State	Lbs, sulfur per MM Btu	Cents per MM Btu	Lbs. sulfur per MM Btu	Cents per	Lbs. sulfur per	990 Cents	Lbs. sulfur	989 Cents	Lbs. sulfur	t Change Cents per
					MM Btu	MM 8tu	MM Btu	MM Btu	per MM Btu	MM Btu
New England	1.04	182	0.99	177	0.00	400			l	·
Connecticut	.38	222	.41	209	0.96 .41	180 212	0.98	168	0.0	7.0
Massachusetts	.94	177	.96	166	.96	173	,39 ,94	216	4.8	-2.0
New Hampshire	1.82	173	1.39	176	1.40	178	1.54	159 169	2.8 -9.0	8,5 5,4
Mid Atlantic	1.71	153	1.54	149	4.00					Ψ
New Jersey	.88	179	.88	178	1.85	155	1.57	148	4.6	4.5
New York	1.48	159	1.32	158	,84	179	.86	174	-2.4	2.8
Pennsylvania	1.82	150	1.66	145	1.45 1.75	161 151	1.33 1,69	157 144	8.4 3.4	2.7 5.4
East North Central	4 50	440					1,00	177	3.4	3.4
Illinois	1.58	149	1.86	155	1.65	152	1,69	155	-2.0	-1.7
Indiana	1.96	175	2.01	178	1,93	175	1.86	182	3.9	-3.4
Michigan	1.87	134	2.08	134	1.91	138	2.16	137	-11.4	1.0
Ohio	.61 2.07	156	.56	173	.63	164	.59	177	7.2	-7.4
Wisconsin		151	2.08	153	2.04	152	2.08	147	-1.9	3.2
	.90	133	.98	146	.85	136	.89	145	-4.1	<b>~5.</b> ₽
West North Central	1.20	113	1.18	116	1.12	115	1.16	116	-3.3	
lowa	.96	120	.94	122	.79	113	.86	124	-8.1	8.e- 8.e-
Kansas	.74	127	.76	125	.69	125	.70	123	9	2.1
Minnesota	.65	122	.55	116	.57	132	.62	127	-7.7	4.1
Missouri	1.95	132	2.05	140	1.97	137	2.03	134	-3.1	
Nebraska	.41	78	.41	86	.42	77	.42	87	-3.1 .1	2.0 -11.4
North Dakota	1.27	67	1.13	68	1.23	69	1.10	69	11,3	-1.3
South Dakota	1.58	112	1.41	122	1.52	116	1,47	124	3,1	-6.8
South Atlantic	1.23	400	4.40							
Delaware		167	1.19	168	1.23	168	1.20	164	2.8	2.1
Florida	.74 1.38	180	.73	185	.73	182	.78	180	<b>-7.0</b>	1.5
Georgia	1.37	182	1.39	182	1.42	185	1.42	179	.1	3.6
Maryland	1.21	175	1.39	181	1.39	173	1.36	174	2.1	8
North Carolina	.76	163 178	1.08	165	1.12	165	1.08	160	3.6	2.8
South Carolina	.96	170	.74	179	.76	179	.73	176	3.8	1.8
Virginia	.75	152	.91	170	.94	172	.89	172	5.5	.0
West Virginia	1.54	149	.75 1.50	157 145	.75 1.51	156 147	.72 1.50	152 140	4.2	2.2
Frot Couth, Couture					,	141	1.00	140	.9	4.3
East South Central	1.80	145	1.96	141	1.79	144	1.82	143	-1.8	.8
Alabama	1.19	186	1.50	182	1.24	186	1.35	187	-8.1	-,1
Kentucky	2.34	121	2.52	112	2.26	119	2.34	113	-3.5	5,2
Mississippi Tennessee	1.20	167	1.40	165	1.34	164	1.22	170	10.3	-3.4
	1.67	137	1.65	138	1.66	136	1.65	135	1.0	1.2
West South Central	.86	147	.84	148	.84	148	.81	147	4.4	•
Arkansas	,37	154	.38	162	.39	164	.39	163	4.4	8,
Louislana	.60	167	.54	165	.61	169	.60	162	.9 .9	.9
Oklahoma	.50	141	.53	140	.53	139	.49	136	7.8	4.4
Texas	1.04	144	1.05	141	1.01	145	.97	145	3,9	2.1
Mountain		440							4,5	
Arizona	.55	112	.57	109	.58	113	.55	112	.4	1.4
Colorado	.48	146	.46	133	.46	145	.46	138	.8	4.9
Montana	.39 .71	104	.39	108	.39	107	.38	107	4.1	.6
Nevada	.46	53	.80	53	.73	65	.81	55	-9.9	18.1
New Mexico	.84	152	.49	141	.47	152	.47	142	.9	7.0
Utah	.42	129	.88	121	.87	130	.86	125	.8	3.9
Wyoming	.63	111 84	.41 .63	120 83	.44 .61	113 84	.43	125	2.5	-9.8
				50	,01	94	.59	85	2.6	- 1.6
acific	.82	143	.92	156	.84	157	.82	155	1.8	1,3
Oregon	.36	111	-	•	.37	110	-		-	~
Washington	.96	153	.92	156	.87	159	.82	155	5.4	3.2

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. MM Bitu represents million Bitu. Source: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 13. Quality and Price of Contract Coal Receipts at Electric Utility Plants, August 1990

		igust 990		igust 989			Year	to Date		
Census Division	Lbs.		Lbs.		11	990	11	389	Percen	t Change
and State	sulfur per MM Btu	Cents per MM Btu	sulfur per MM Btu	Cents per MM Biu	Lbs. sulfur per MM Btu	Cents per MM Btu	Lbs. sulfur per MM Btu	Cents per MM Btu	Lbs. sulfur per MM Btu	Cents per MM Btu
New England	0.98	188	0.79	180	0.98	180	0.84	169	13.9	6.4
Connecticut	.38	222	.41	209	.41	213	.39	221	4.5	-3.7
Massachusetts	.96	175	.98	165	.99	169	.94	158	5.2	7.0
New Hampshire	1.76	174	-	•	1.44	177	•	•	-	-
Mid Atlantic	1.78	158	1,61	155	1.72	158	1.64	154	4.5	2.7
New Jersey	.91	179	.93	177	.84	178	.91	175	-8.2	1.8
New York	1.48	159	1.25	165	1.46	162	1.29	162	12.6	5
Pennsylvania	1.91	154	1.75	151	1.85	155	1.78	150	3.7	3,6
East North Central	4.00	450	4 07	444	4 24 2					
Illinois	1.63 2.00	156	1.67	164	1.70	160	1.70	164	1	-2.4
Indiana	1.91	182 137	2.04	183	2.00	184	1.90	187	5.0	-1.7
Michigan	.60	159	2.13 .55	139	1.94	142	2.19	143	-11.4	7
Ohlo	2.25	166	.53 2.21	178 169	.61	187	.58	181	4.9	-7.4
Wisconsin	.96	139	1.01	147	2.17 .92	166 142	2.21 .91	163 145	-1.9 ,9	1.6 ~1.8
West North Central	1.20	113	1.13	116	1.11	118	1.13	117	-1.9	5
lowa ,	1.04	126	.87	129	.84	122	.76	128	10.4	-4.9
Kansas	.47	128	.68	126	.45	125	.56	125	-19.0	.0
Minnesota	.63	121	.53	115	.55	133	.61	127	-9.1	4,6
Missouri	2.05	133	2,06	141	2.08	140	2.08	137	.0	2.4
Nebraska	.41	78	.42	89	.41	80	.43	89	-3.6	-10.7
North Dakota	1.27	67	1.13	68	1.23	69	1.10	70	11.1	-2.0
	1.58	112	1.41	122	1.52	116	1.47	124	3.1	-6.8
South Atlantic	1.26	175	1.21	176	1.24	175	1.20	173	3.3	1.4
Delaware	.73	183	.73	185	.73	183	.77	182	-5.8	.6
Florida	1.37	192	1.28	190	1.35	193	1.29	189	4.2	2.3
Georgia	1.58	186	1,46	191	1.45	180	1.41	182	2.2	-1,0
Maryland	1.18	163	1.21	164	1.13	166	1.15	162	-2.0	2.5
North Carolina	.76	184	.74	183	.78	183	.73	180	3.7	1.7
Virginia	.95 .82	177	.92	180	.94	177	.90	180	4.1	-1.5
West Virginia	1.57	158 158	.77 1,53	153 157	.77 1.58	157 157	.73 1.53	153 153	5.3 3.5	2.5 3.1
East South Central	1.88	150	1.98	153	1.87	152				
Alabama	1.13	200	1.28	200	1.10	203	1.82 1.25	156	2.8	-2.8
Kentucky	2.61	122	2.84	118	2.62	121	2.64	200 122	~11.6 -1.0	1.8 ~1.0
Mississippi	1.03	170	1.25	171	1.12	170	1.08	177	3.6	-3,7
Tennessee	1.69	141	1.68	143	1.72	140	1.70	140	.9	.3
West South Central	.87	148	.84	147	.85	149	.80	144	8.6	2.0
Arkansas	.37	154	.38	162	.39	184	.39	163	.9	3.6 <sub>.</sub> .9
Louislana	.60	167	.54	165	.61	169	.59	163	2.2	
Oklahoma	.49	143	.47	144	.51	142	.48	137	6.3	3.9 3.1
Texas	1.05	145	1.05	141	1.03	145	.98	139	4.8	4.9
Mountain	.56	114	.57	111	.56	115	.56	113	.3	2.0
Arizona	.48	146	.46	133	.46	145	.46	138	.7	4.9
Colorado	.39	108	.39	110	.39	109	.38	108	4.5	.5
Montana Nevada	.71	53	.80	53	.73	65	.81	55	-9.9	18.1
New Mexico	.46 .84	152	,49	141	.47	152	.47	142	.8	7.0
Utah	.41	129	.88	121	.87	130	,86	125	.8	3,9
Wyoming	.64	112 87	.41 .66	122 85	.43 .63	114 86	.42 .61	127 87	2.4 2.2	-10.2 8
Pacific	.82	143	.96	158	.89	160				
Oregon	.36	111	-	-	.37	110	.88	161	.9	8
Washington	.96	153	.96	158	.93	163	.88	161	5.1	1.4
J.S. Total	1.30	148	1.25	148	1.29	150	1,25	148	3,2	.9

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. MM Btu represents million Btu.
Source: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants,"

Table 14. Quality and Price of Spot Coal Receipts at Electric Utility Plants, August 1990

		igust 990		gust 989			Year	to Date		
Census Division	Lbs.		Lbs.		11	990	1:	989	Percen	t Change
and State	sulfur per MM Btu	Cents per MM Btu	sulfur per MM Btu	Cents per MM Btu	Lbs. sulfur per MM Btu	Cents per MM Btu	Lbs. sulfur per MM Btu	Cents per MM Btu	Lbs, sulfur per MM Btu	Cents per MM Btu
New England	1.10	177	1.23	173	0.85	181	1.19	167	-20.5	8.3
Connecticut	-	-	•		.43	198	.39	178	8.8	11.5
Massachusetts	.93	178	.94	168	.92	180	.93	164	-1.8	9.7
New Hampshire	1.89	172	1.39	178	1.27	182	1,54	169	-17.4	7.6
Mid Atlantic	1.44	141	1.39	136	1.42	145	1.38	133	3.1	9.1
New Jersey	.63	186	.71	181	.85	190	.72	174	18.7	9.3
New York	1.46	161	1,42	148	1.43	159	1.41	145	.9	9.4
Pennsylvania	1.46	134	1.42	129	1.44	139	1.43	125	.6	11.3
East North Control	1,40	124	1.64	124	1.49	126	1.62	119	-8.3	6.5
East North Central	1.71	122	1.67	116	1.57	132	1.38	124	14.3	6.0
Indiana	1.67	116	1.93	116	1.74	119	1.98	109	-12.6	8.9
		141	.60	145	.70	150	.62	150	13.2	2
Michigan	.65 1.70	121	1.85	122	1.78	123	1.80	113	-1.2	8.9
OhioWisconsin	.74	118	.83	143	.66	117	.74	142	-11.6	- 17.3
				444	4.40	400	4.00	407	44.0	1.3
West North Central	1.19	114	1.40	111	1.18	108	1.38	107 104	-14.8 -50.2	-10.3
lowa	.74	101	1.13	102	.68	93	1.37		44.7	15.7
Kansas	1.72	120	1.99	120	2,11	125	1.46	108	2.1	-2,4
Minnesota	1.06	144	1.08	120	.82	115	.80	118		
Missouri	1.42	130	1.97	130	1,51	126	1.72	119	-12.3	5.2
Nebraska North Dakota	.40	69	.36	73	.45 -	68	.38 1.00	69 48	24.9	- 1.0 -
South Atlantic	1.12	143	1.14	149	1.20	144	1.19	140	1.0	2.6
Delaware	.80	161	-	-	.73	182	.89	161	<del>-</del> 17.8	12.5
Florida	1.45	146	1.88	143	1.75	149	1.85	144	-5.4	3.7
Georgia	,99	154	1.22	158	1.21	152	1.19	151	2.4	.7
Maryland	1,31	167	.94	166	1.12	161	.95	158	17.8	3.2
North Carolina	.78	143	.77	184	.78	153	.73	148	4.8	3.3
South Carolina	.97	156	.90	158	.93	157	.86	156	8,2	.8
Virginia	.64	141	.73	162	.71	153	.71	152	.2	.8
West Virginia	1.44	114	1,44	113	1,32	114	1.42	104	-7.3	10.3
Best Court Control	1.48	122	1,97	109	1.54	121	1.82	108	-15,3	12.8
East South Central	1.45	133	2.25	119	1.75	126	1.91	120	-8.2	5.2
Alabama	1.40	117	1.95	102	1.43	116	1.91	101	-25.0	15.1
Kentucky	2,48	143	2.11	135	1.97	147	1.90	135	3.5	8.7
Mississippi Tennessee	1.57	119	1.51	112	1.46	122	1.40	113	3.9	7.6
West South Central	.50	125	.78	118	.56	128	.86	181	-34.7	-30.5
Louisiana	-	-	-		-	-	.87	131	-	•
Oklahoma	.56	122	.88	120	.68	121	.63	124	7.9	-2.4
Texas	.43	128	.40	110	.47	130	.90	193	-47.9	-32.6
Mountain	.48	80	.41	89	.48	88	.41	87	13.1	1.1
Arizona	.64	145	171	-	.64	145	•		-	_
	,38	93	.39	95	,38	99	.38	98	1.7	1.6
Colorado	.62	149	,00	-	.62	149		-		
Ulah	.45	104	.46	106	.47	104	.48	103	-1.6	.7
Wyoning	.56	74	.38	59	.50	68	.39	63	29.4	7.6
· -			00	404	26	400	.48	117	-25.0	8,6
Pacific	-	-	.38 .38	124 124	.36 .36	12B 128	.48	117	-25.0	8.6
U.S. Total	1.23	129	1.41	130	1.30	130	1.38	128	-5.6	1.6

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components because of Independent rounding. MM Btu represents million Btu, Source: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 15. Coal Receipts and Prices by Sulfur Content at Electric Utility Plants, by State of Origin and Imports, August 1990

	0-0,66 sulf per MA	ur	0.61-1. sulf per MA	ur	> 1.6 sulf per MA	ur		Total	•		ent Chan prior yea	
State	Quantity (thousand short tons)	Cents per MM Btu	Lbs. sulfur per MM Btu	Quantity	Price	Sulfur Content						
Alabama	366	260	641	183	348	400	4.050	004		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Arizona	955	110	741	103	348	182	1,356	204	1.07	1.2	4.8	-10.5
Colorado	1,455	142	_	-	-	-	955	110	.43	-24.4	8.8	-3.2
Illinois	_		777	167	4 000	450	1,455	142	.39	11.5	-5.0	8
Indiana	44	152	214	128	4,066	156	4,842	158	2.46	-3.5	.2	4.3
lowa		102	214	128	2,369	126	2,627	127	2.31	5.0	.8	-2.6
Kansas	_		•	-	7	161	7	161	2.77	40.0	7.1	-29.2
Kentucky	1,394	167	6, 187	400	49	130	49	130	2.54	-55.4	-4.0	-35.4
Louislana	1,004	107		168	3,658	127	11,239	155	1.47	1.2	<b>2</b>	3
Maryland	_	-	309	132	-	-	309	132	.73	6	2.1	-1.7
Missouri	_	-	275	143	7	182	282	144	1.40	43.3	-4.0	-3.1
Montana	1.755	160	-		234	144	234	144	3.96	-17.1	7.1	-8.0
New Mexico	425	158	1,626	108	-	•	3,381	134	.55	-11.3	-1.5	~7.4
North Dakota	423	193	1,599	137	-	-	2,024	149	.74	-6.2	5,2	.5
Ohio	7	-	1,915	71	202	72	2,117	71	1.30	4.7	-3.0	12.6
Oklahoma	1	168	56	130	2,451	149	2,508	149	2.87	-12.4	-7.9	1.6
Pennsylvania	29	155	35	148	8	107	72	146	1.07	-35.3	3.2	-27.9
	128	167	2,917	155	1,362	153	4,407	154	1.49	1	4.2	4.8
Tennessee	-	-	295	134	60	122	355	132	1.20	-14.1	-10.1	7.8
Texas		-	2,393	103	2,183	105	4.577	104	1.61	.8	7.5	
Utah	1,314	106	149	153	_		1,463	111	.43	5	-6.3	-2.2
VIrginia	275	171	1,334	165	_		1,609	166	.91	7.0		2.8
Washington	-	-	401	153		_	401	153	.96		-1.7	.1
West Virginia	1,906	169	3,749	162	2,511	142	8,166		•	.0	-3.3	.0
Wyoming	15,335	135	712	89	~ -	174	18,047	157	1.36	10.1	1.5	4.1
Imported	90	146		-	-	_	90	133 146	.45 .51	4.0 -44.4	-2.7 -24.3	.2 -1.2
U.S. Total	25,472	144	25,584	149	19,515	140	70,571	145	1.29	.6	-,1	.1

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components because of Independent rounding. MM Btu represents million Btu.

Source: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 16. Coal Receipts and Prices by Sulfur Content at Electric Utility Plants, by State of Origin and Imports, January-August 1990

	0-0.60 sulf per MM	ur	0.61-1.6 sulf per MN	ur	> 1.6° sulf per MN	ur		Total		1	nt Chang rior year	-
State	Quantity (thousand short tons)	Cents per MM Btu	Lbs. sulfur per MM Btu	Quantity	Price	Sulfur Content						
Alabama	2,904	259	5,194	187	2,871	184	10,970	206	1.09	14,1	2.0	-0.8
Arizona	7,173	109		-		-	7,173	109	.45	-11.3	4.6	.7
Colorado	10,185	142	150	218	-	-	10,335	143	.39	14.7	3.7	4.0
Illinois	_	-	6,748	165	29,491	154	36,240	156	2.42	.7	4	3.2
Indiana	423	152	2,143	126	18,533	128	21,099	128	2.28	20.6	1.3	9
lowa	-	-	-,	-	43	163	43	163	3.45	65.4	8.4	-8.3
Kansas	-	-	_	_	477	121	477	121	2.57	5.1	-5.0	-26.4
Kentucky	11,647	169	46,586	169	28,858	125	87,090	155	1.49	9.9	.5	2.1
Louisiana	-	-	2,109	134	-	-	2,109	134	.79	11.1	5.1	-4.2
Maryland	-	-	1,794	155	51	120	1,845	154	1.27	23.2	5,8	-3.4
Missouri	_	-	_	-	1,637	167	1,837	167	3.96	-18.8	26.0	-6.2
Montana	9,080	185	13,131	108	-		22,211	141	.58	-3.3	4.3	-7.1
New Mexico	4,124	185	11,210	135	-	-	15,334	149	.74	4.7	3,4	1.4
North Dakota	.,		14,352	73	1,181	64	15,533	72	1,25	-1.1	-2.2	10.4
Ohio	25	152	1,193	143	18,978	150	20,196	150	2.84	6	-3,0	1.7
Oklahoma	417	148	350	144	160	112	927	139	1.26	33.5	7	-31.7
Pennsylvania	1,353	173	23,359	154	9,641	152	34,353	154	1.48	11.0	4.8	3.5
Tennessee	118	123	2,533	152	623	134	3,275	147	1,15	7.6	5.6	9.2
Texas		-	21,558	104	11,259	110	32,817	108	1,58	1.1	2.9	1.3
Utah	9,694	114	716	153		-	10,410	117	.44	8.2	-8.6	1.0
Virginia	2,241	185	9.201	165	9	155	11,452	169	.88	-6.5	2.5	6
Washington	2,241	-	3,216	163	-	-	3,216	163	.93	-2.8	2.8	5.4
West Virginia	15.389	169	26,462	180	16,702	142	58,553	157	1.32	7.0	3.8	1.8
Wyoming	109,023	136	6,659	99	9	136	115,691	134	.44	5.9	-3.4	6
Imported	311	170	587	177	-	-	898	175	.60	16.4	-2.2	8.5
U.S. Total	184,107	147	199,253	149	140,523	140	523,883	146	1.29	5.6	1.0	1.4

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components because of Independent rounding. MM Bitu represents million Bitu. Source: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 17. Destination of Coal Received at Electric Utility Plants by Origin, January-August 1990

State of Destination State of Origin and Imports	(thousand	eipts short tons)		t Receipts rcent)	(lbs.	Content sulfur IM Btu)		rice er MM Btu)
	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990	1989
Alabama	14,630	14,009	77.2	83.3	1.24	4.00		<del></del>
Alabama	10,791	9,500	94.9	94.7	1.08	1.35	186	187
Minois	416	632	-	4.0	2.03	1.09	208	202
Indiana	459	188	-	4.0		1.99	112	109
Kentucky	1,770	1,464	33.9	51.2	2.05	2.84	117	106
Ohio	408	1,698	93.9	100.0	1.98	2.22	134	126
Tennessee	566	491	13.3	34.2	2.01	1.99	118	208
West Virginia	4	36	10.0	100,0	.67	.61	124	123
Wyoming	216		_	100,0	.51	.60	151	124
Arizona	10,130	10,055	99.8	400 0	.44	-	170	-
Arizona	4,561	4,888	100.0	100.0	.46	.46	145	138
Colorado	679	352	100.0	100.0	.44	.44	101	98
New Mexico	4.890	4.816		100.0	.32	.34	175	171
Arkansas	7,048	7,646	99.6	100.0	.50	.49	187	181
Wyoming	7,048		100.0	100.0	.39	.39	164	163
Colorado	10,322	7,646	100.0	100.0	.39	.39	164	163
Colorado	6,781	10,502	86.6	87.8	.39	.38	107	107
New Mexico	0,701	6,720	79.5	83.6	.39	.38	108	109
Wyoming	3,541	18		~	-	.41		131
onnecticut	•	3,764	100,0	95.7	.39	.37	106	101
Kentucky	686 696	536	92.6	89.0	.41	.39	212	216
elaware	686	536	92.6	89.0	.41	.39	212	216
Kentucky	1,519	1,191	75.2	90.2	.73	.78	182	
Maryland	117	24	14.2	75.0	,52	.61	194	180
Pennsylvania	21	7	100.0	100.0	1.11	1.16	141	177
Virginia	229	305	39.8	81.3	1.05	1.16		139
West Virginia	197	21	51.9	100.0	.69	.69	164	170
lorida	955	834	95.3	93.6	.68	.65	197	201
Alahama	16,438	15,530	81.2	77.1	1.42		183	183
Alabama	-	13	_		1,42	1.42	185	179
Minois	2,853	2,693	99.0	100.0	2.42	2.55	-	114
Indiana	317	354	-	21.7		2.37	208	198
Kentucky	10,571	10,006	77.2	69.5	2.85	2.97	108	126
Tennessee	75	42	100.0	100.0	1.30	1.29	179	172
Virginia	598	535	95.0	100.0	.85	.80	217	213
West Virginia	1,376	1,391	90.0	87.0	.58	.58	243	232
imported coal Colombia	479	459	100.0	100.0	.94	.98	184	182
imported coal Venezueta	170	37		100.0	.65	.61	177	173
eorgia	18,517	16,978	73.5	75.4	.53	.36	153	141
Alabama	179	102	13,0	75.4	1.39	1.36	173	174
Illinois	3,363	3,464	94.3	(00.0	1.63	1.62	155	151
Kentucky	9,782	9,543	71.9	100.0	2.52	2,20	170	187
Montana	-	54	71,3	66,9	1.28	1.26	168	164
Ohio	16	-	-	•	-	.34	-	181
Tennessee	1,054	632	50.0	-	2.28	-	142	-
Virginia	2,186	2,269	58.8	87.1	1.08	.75	186	204
West Virginia	966	2,269 867	79.0	67.8	1.07	1.11	175	168
wyoming	971	24	100.0	100.0	.57	.53	246	241
Imported coal Colombia	-	23	6.0	-	.39	.40	134	166
10is	17,710	16,287	05.5	•	-	.54	-	173
IRINOIS	10,503		85.0	91.9	1.93	1.86	175	182
Indiana	1,402	9,532	90.2	95.6	2.71	2.67	147	151
Kentucky	1,486	1,274	73.0	68.5	1.60	1.34	124	127
Montana	1,842	1,062	41.2	65,4	.83	,60	156	163
New Mexico		1,817	100.0	99.3	.39	.38	291	
Virginia	11 <b>1</b>	-	-	-	.43		170	283
West Virginia	170	. 3	-	-	•	.59	170	404
Myoming	172	187	13.4	58.7	.51	.52	157	184
ana	2,194	2,412	95.1	98.7	.42	.49	157	167
Colorado	32,973	25,302	84.1	81.8	1.91	2.18	293	290
linois	417	37	100.0	-	.39	.35	138	137
ndiana	6,318	5,875	88,6	87.4	2.40		300	308
Cantucky	14,128	12,101	82.3	84.1	2.40	2.43	160	160
Kentucky	3,239	2,745	89.6	80.8		2.48	128	123
Montana	432	198	65.3	83.7	2.35	2.45	135	125
Ohio	44	7	-	-	.39	.36	242	269
Vest Virginia	264	216	67.8	42.3	2.21	1.83	125	130
Yyoming	8,130	4,122	82.6		.55	.81	206	179
à	10,193	9,573	70.7	70.7	.39	.45	128	148
linois	796	1,138		84.1	.79	-86	113	124
ndlana	656	431	89.1	69.2	2.48	2.52	165	149
		401	63,7	47.9	2.24	2.16	135	

Table 17. Destination of Coal Received at Electric Utility Plants by Origin,
January-August 1990 (Continued)

State of Destination State of Origin		eipts short tons)		Receipts cent)		Content sulfur M Btu)		rice er MM Btu)
and imports	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990	1989
owa								
lowa	43	26	100.0	100.0	3.45	3.76	163	150
Kentucky	9	53	*	-	2.73	2.34	124	136
Wyoming	8,689	7,925	69.5	88.7	.43	.43	105	119
Kansas	10,636	10,227	88.3	86.2	.69	.70	125	123
Colorado	178	-	94.2	-	.33	-	118	-
Ilijnois	933	478	17.9	22.3	2.52	2.65	147	140
Kansas	209	402	-	49.2	2.44	3.59	121	127
Wyoming	9,316	9,347	97.2	91.1	.41	.42	123	121
Centucky	24,279	20,280	70.7	60.2	2.26	2.34	119	113
Minols	91	9	88.6	-	1.59	1.72	135	116
Indiana	1,820	1,440	61.8	42.2	2.39	2.14	110	104
Kentucky	19,556	16,736	74.7	64.6	2.45	2.54	119	114
Ohlo	197	108	55.2	58.0	2,39	2.18	147	133
Pennsylvania	11	18	-	49.4	2.03	1.98	107	127
Tennessee	395	336	82.6	6.5	2.08	2.05	121	103
Virginia	60	-	100.0	-	.58	-	158	-
West Virginia	2,037	1,634	39.8	42.6	.62	.67	129	116
Wyoming	113	-	34.5	-	.35	-	124	-
oulsiana	7,120	7,964	100.0	96.9	.61	.60	169	162
Louisiana	2,109	1,899	100.0	86.9	.79	.82	134	128
West Virginia	159	117	100.0	100.0	,52	.50	205	202
Wyoming	4,852	5,948	100.0	100.0	.55	.55	180	170
Maryland	6,768	5,987	68.8	67.5	1.12	1.08	165	160
Kentucky	325	551	74.8	83.1	.56	.59	161	166
Maryland	1,101	905	46.6	57.4	1.24	1.25	171	166
Pennsylvania	1,670	1,638	92.2	95.0	1.48	1.49	180	169
West Virginia	3,672	2,646	64.3	56.9	.98	.94	156	148
Imported coal Colombia	-1	247	_	-	-	,47	_	195
Aassachusetts	2,859	2,928	65.6	78.1	.96	.94	173	159
Kentucky	49	23	-		.75	.69	180	138
Maryland	40	-	-	-	.75		185	-
Pennsylvania	735	533	31.2	10,1	1.08	1.03	174	164
Virginia	928	1,284	92.0	100.0	,95	,91	174	161
West Virginia	974	1,088	81,6	87.3	.96	.93	169	154
Imported coal Colombia	64	1,000	-		.61	-	179	
Imported coal Venezuela	70	_	_	-	.48	-	181	_
Michigan	18,229	17,587	80.2	88.0	.63	.59	184	177
Indiana	112	112	78.5	77.9	2.44	2.30	162	159
Kentucky	4,714	4,655	72.6	88.8	.72	.64	179	197
Montana	6,713	6,838	97.0	100.0	,37	.38	154	159
Ohlo	97	84	100.0	100,0	2.94	2.60	208	206
	1,257	1,064	71.7	81.5	1.09	1.01	159	174
Pennsylvania		398	100.0	100,0	1.09	.92	186	175
Virginia West Virginia	113 3,853	3,931	77.4	78.0	.67	,58	171	182
	1,371	505	36.9	78.0	.33	.34	110	119
Wyoming		10,233	93.8	95,2	.57	,62	132	127
linnesota	10,900 34	40	100.0	100.0	1.35	1.38	182	195
Illinois	45	53	10.1	,00.0	1.79	1.59	158	138
Indiana	45 8	1	56.6		.91	.59	189	198
Kentucky	-	6,084	90.1	93,1	.76	.80	136	130
Montana	6,131	0,084	100.0	ψ <b>ω</b> , Ι	.76	.00	174	130
North Dakota	1 3	-	100.0	-	1.02	-	176	_
Pennsylvania	2	-			.95	-	169	-
West Virginia		4 054	100.0	99.6	.30	.31	125	120
Wyoming	4,676	4,054	99.1	83.0	1.34	1.22	164	170
ississippi	2,672	2,287	72.8		2.02		150	147
Illinois	760	704	90,1	89.6		2,00	126	147
Indiana	23	4.550	-	010	4.17	- -		404
Kentucky	1,889	1,558	66.8	81.3	1.04	.87	170	181
West Virginia	40.000	24	00.0	07.4	4.03	1.20	407	144
issouri	16,229	16,439	80.2	87.1	1.97	2.03	137	134
Colorado	168	9	100.0	100.0	.40	.31	159	139
Illinois	8,323	9,445	85.2	89.8	2.22	2.17	151	150
Indiana	115	55	100.0	49.1	2.90	1.09	122	123
Kansas	268	53	3.6	43.9	2,66	2.79	121	132
Kentucky	877	41	98,1	100,0	2.52	2.53	123	131
Missouri	1,637	2,015	97.3	99.0	3,96	4.22	167	132
New Mexico	18	•	-	-	.34	•	135	-
Ohio	24			-	2.10	_	171	

Table 17. Destination of Coal Received at Electric Utility Plants by Origin,
January-August 1990 (Continued)

State of Destination State of Origin and Imports		eipts short tons)		Receipts cent)	(lbs.	Content sulfur M Btu)		rice er MM Btu
and iniports	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990	1988
Missouri				·		I <del></del> I	14.4.,	
Oklahoma	36	231	100,0	66.9	3.64	3.30	138	135
Wyoming	4,761	4,590	65,9	78.2	.42	-44	97	95
Montana	5,894	6,508	100.0	100.0	.73			
Montana	5,894	6,508	100.0			.81	65	55
Nebraska	5,719	4,952		100.0	.73	.81	65	55
Colorado	3,713		76.9	88.7	.42	.42	77	87
	-	65	-	100.0	-	.47	-	182
Montana		0	-	-	-	.36	-	23
Wyoming	5,719	4,887	76.9	88.5	.42	.42	77	85
Nevada	4,929	4,945	99.8	100.0	.47	.47	152	142
Arizona	2,612	3,196	100.0	100.0	.48	.47	123	113
Ulah	1,884	1,549	99,6	100.0	.47	.45	181	192
Wyorning	433	199	100,0	100.0	.44	.55	202	
lew Hampshire	804	616	77.3	100.0				196
Kentucky	17	010	77.0	-	1.40	1.54	178	169
Pennsylvania		440	400.0	-	.68	-	201	-
	100	119	100.0	-	1.04	,99	179	174
West Virginia	572	496	77.0	-	1.65	1.67	176	168
Imported coal Canada	34	-	-	-	.97	_	181	
Imported coal Venezuela	18	-	100,0	-	.39	-	189	_
lew Jersey	2,006	2,232	88.3	72.8	,84	.86	179	474
Kentucky	31	48			.62			174
Ohio	14	40	•	-		.58	190	177
Pennsylvania	26	25	-	-	1.66		203	-
				-	.95	1.27	189	183
Virginia	760	837	99.2	74.5	.58	.61	177	172
West Virginia	1,175	1,316	86.6	76.1	1.01	1.03	180	176
Imported coal Venezuela	-	6	•	-	-	.37		188
ew Mexico	10,272	9,816	100.0	100.0	.87	.86	130	125
New Mexico	10,272	9,816	100.0	100.0				
ew York	6,973	6,516	67.1		.87	.86	130	125
Kentucky	365			64.8	1.45	1.33	161	157
Maryland		410	97.4	100,0	.38	.39	209	200
Ohio	19	_	-	-	1.29	-	168	-
Ohio	38	7	-	-	1.55	1.53	160	160
Pennsylvania	3,629	3,825	47.7	44.9	1.45	1,35	155	148
West Virginia	2,922	2,274	88.6	92.3	1.57	1.48	161	163
orth Carolina ,	13,032	11,894	85.1	85.9	.76	.73	179	
Kentucky	6,492	5,930	82.1	82.5	.78			176
Tennessee	-1	145	02, 1		.70	.74	184	179
Virginia	2,924	2,887	000	100.0	-	1.07		191
West Virginia	•		96.9	92.8	.84	.80	168	170
orth Dakota	3,615	2,933	80.9	85.4	.64	.62	178	174
Marth Dakete	14,192	14,353	100.0	97.8	1,23	1.10	69	69
North Dakota	14,192	14,353	100.0	97.8	1.23	1.10	69	69
hio	34,494	32,855	66.9	67.7	2.04	2.08	152	147
Illinois	24	-	-	_	2.57		117	147
Indiana	46	35	_	_	2.93	2,32		-
Kentucky	6,787	6,019	46.9	55.2			109	92
Ohlo	16,828	16,414	71.2		1.00	1.07	156	152
Pennsylvania	2,191			72.6	2.80	2.82	154	151
Virginia	4,101	2,081	59.4	54.5	1.72	1.73	139	134
West Virginia	0.610	21	70.		-	1.06	-	183
dahama	8,618	8,285	76.6	70.9	1,50	1.48	148	139
dahoma	9,718	9,764	88.6	92.0	<b>.</b> 53	.49	139	136
Oklahoma	891	463	47.6	23.8	1.16	1.13	139	143
Wyoming	8,826	9,301	92.7	95.4	.45	.45	139	
egon	223	_	100.0	-	.37	.45		136
Wyoming	223	_	100.0			•	110	-
nnsylvania	30,679	07 007			.37	-	110	-
Ohio		27,897	76.7	75.3	1.75	1.69	151	144
Pennsylvania	1,418	1,383	97.6	95.2	3,35	3.31	151	148
Most Missisis	23,021	20,241	70.3	69.5	1.49	1.43	153	145
West Virginia	6,240	6,273	95.6	89.8	2.35	2.17	146	140
uth Carolina	6,239	6,445	73.5	65,9	.94	.89		
Kentucky	5,356	5,709	73.6	64.1			172	172
Tennessee	188	51	70.0		.93	.87	173	174
Virginia	682		-	.2	1.17	1.16	164	151
West Virginia		673	93.0	86.5	.94	.97	161	157
uth Dobate	14	. 11	63.5	36.5	.78	1.15	180	178
uth Dakota	1,340	1,353	100.0	100.0	1.52	1.47	116	124
North Dakota	1,340	1,353	100.0	100.0	1.52	1.47	116	
hnessee	14,092	12,381	79.3	81.7				124
Illinois	970	989	30.8		1.66	1.65	136	135
Indiana	704	000	30.0	8.4	1.91	1.67	118	112
Kentucky	10,623	9,129		-	1.75	-	123	-
			87.5	91.9	1.71			

Table 17. Destination of Coal Received at Electric Utility Plants by Origin, January-August 1990 (Continued)

State of Destination State of Origin		elpts short tons)	Contract (per	Receipts cent)	Sulfur ( (lbs. : per Mi	sulfur		ice r MM Blu)
and Imports	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990	1989
ennessee								
Tennessee	997	1,347	77.7	86.8	1.14	1.11	121	115
Virginia	798	897	100.0	81.4	1.39	1.44	131	123
West Virginia	_	18	-	100.0	-	2.09	•	139
Texas	56,217	56,925	97.2	89.0	1.01	.97	145	145
Colorado	1,207	955	68.6	100.0	.35	.35	206	221
Texas	32,817	32,461	99.8	91.8	1,56	1.54	106	103
Utah	-	218	-	59.9	-	.45	-	171
Wyoming	22,193	23,290	94.9	84.9	.44	.43	184	184
Jtah	9,430	8,725	88.0	92.4	.44	.43	113	125
Colorado	904	870	100.0	100.0	.49	.40	221	239
Utah	8,526	7.855	86.7	91.6	.43	.43	102	113
/irginia	5,024	6,554	68.7	51.4	.75	.72	156	152
Kentucky	1,666	2,154	62.4	44.3	.82	.79	159	153
Virginia	2,207	2,383	71.2	71.5	.70	.70	153	156
	1,152	2,018	73.0	35.2	.75	.67	156	147
West Virginia	3,564	3,745	90.0	85.7	.87	.82	159	155
Washington	3,216	3,308	99.8	97.0	.93	.88	163	159
Washington	3,216	437	30.0	07.0	.35	.41	127	124
Wyoming		20,048	74.4	74.6	1.51	1.50	147	140
Vest Virginia	22,374		83.1	57.3	.83	.77	176	170
Kentucky	560	539	57.1	42.5	1.37	1.44	123	113
Maryland	664	585		35.2	3.26	3.32	96	104
Ohio ,	1,112	611	53.1		1.61	1.23	115	120
Pennsylvania	358	196	9.4	16.0		1.47	150	142
West Virginia	19,679	18,118	77.1	78.2	1.44	,89	136	145
Visconsin	11,834	11,733	74.1	87.8	.85	1.79	142	143
Illinois	855	1,005	72.4	89.0	1.79		189	180
Indiana	1,271	1,449	98.7	95.7	1.75	1.70	184	156
Kentucky	114	297	:	39.6	.60	1.22		157
Montana	1,199	1,479	78.2	86.7	.69	.74	158	137
New Mexico	43	•	•		.39		174	151
Pennsylvania	1,123	899	100.0	100.0	1.29	1.28	156	151
Virginia	-	37	-	-	-	,56		163
West Virginia	133	17	-	•	1.24	1.62	184	175
Wyoming	7,096	6,549	68.1	87.4	.41	.40	112	129
Wyoming	14,974	14,215	83.2	90,6	.61	.59	84	85
Wyoming	14,974	14,215	83.2	90.6	.61	.59	84	85
J.S. Total	523,883	496,015	82.8	83.1	1.29	1.27	146	144

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. MM Btu represents million Btu. Source: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 17. Destination of Coal Received at Electric Utility Plants by Origin, January-August 1990 (Continued)

State of Destination State of Origin		elpts short tons)		Receipts cent)	(lbs.	Content sulfur M Btu)		ice er MM Btu)
and Imports	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990	1989
Missouri								
Oklahoma	36	231	100.0	66.9	3.64	3.30	138	135
Wyoming	4,761	4,590	65.9	78.2	.42	.44	97	95
Montana	5,894	6,508	100.0	100.0	.73	.81	65	55
Montana	5,894	6,508	100.0	100.0	.73	.81	65	55
Nebraska	5,719	4,952	76.9	88.7	.42	.42	77	87
Colorado		65		100.0	-	.47	-	182
Montana	_	0	_		-	.36	-	23
Wyoming	5,719	4,887	76.9	88.5	.42	.42	77	85
Yevada	4,929	4,945	99.8	100.0	,47	.47	152	142
Arizona	2,612	3,196	100,0	100.0	.48	.47	123	113
Ulah					.47		181	
	1,884	1,549	99.6	100.0		.45		192
Wyoming	433	199	100.0	100,0	.44	.55	202	196
lew Hampshire	804	616	77.3	-	1.40	1.54	178	169
Kentucky	17	-	-	-	.68	-	201	-
Pennsylvania	100	119	100.0	-	1.04	.99	179	174
West Virginia	572	496	77.0	-	1.65	1.67	176	168
Imported coal Canada	34	-	-	-	.97	-	181	-
Imported coal Venezuela	81	-	100,0	-	.39	-	189	_
lew Jersey	2,006	2,232	88.3	72.8	.84	.86	179	174
Kentucky	31	48	-		.62	.58	190	177
Ohio	14		_	-	1.66	,00	203	117
Pennsylvania	26	25	-	-		1.27		100
Virginia			00.0	74.0	,95		189	183
	760	837	99.2	74.5	.58	.61	177	172
West Virginia	1,175	1,316	86.6	76.1	1,01	1.03	180	176
Imported coal Venezuela	-	6	-	-	-	.37	-	188
ew Mexico	10,272	9,816	100.0	100.0	.87	.86	130	125
New Mexico	10,272	9,816	100.0	100,0	.87	.86	130	125
ew York	6,973	6,516	67.1	64.8	1.45	1.33	161	157
Kentucky	365	410	97.4	100.0	.38	.39	209	200
Maryland	19	_	-		1.29	-	168	
Ohio	38	7	_	_	1.55	1.53	160	160
Pennsylvania	3,629	3,825	47.7	44,9				
West Virginia	2,922	2,274			1.45	1.35	155	148
orth Carolina	13,032		88.6	92.3	1.57	1.48	161	163
		11,894	85.1	85.9	.76	.73	179	178
Kentucky	6,492	5,930	82.1	82.5	.78	.74	184	179
Tennessee		145	•	100.0	-	1.07	-	191
Virginia	2,924	2,887	96,9	92.8	.84	.80	168	170
West Virginia	3,615	2,933	80.9	85.4	.64	.62	178	174
orth Dakota	14,192	14,353	100.0	97.8	1.23	1.10	69	69
North Dakota	14,192	14,353	100.0	97.8	1.23	1.10	69	69
hio	34,494	32,855	66.9	67.7	2.04	2.08	152	147
filinois	24	· •	-	-	2.57	-100		1 114 7
Indiana	46	35	_			0.70	117	-
Kentucky	6,787	6.019	46.9	55.0	2.93	2,32	109	92
Ohio	16,828	16,414		55.2	1.00	1.07	156	152
Pennsylvania	2,191		71.2	72.6	2.80	2.82	154	151
Virginia	4,101	2,081	59.4	54.5	1.72	1.73	139	134
West Virginia	9.010	21			-	1.06	-	183
dahama	8,618	8,285	76.6	70.9	1.50	1.48	148	139
Oklahama	9,718	9,764	88.6	92.0	.53	.49	139	136
Oklahoma	891	463	47.6	23,8	1.16	1.13	139	143
Wyoming	8,826	9,301	92.7	95.4	.45	.45	139	136
egon	223	-	100.0	-	.37	. , 5	110	100
Wyoming	223	_	100.0	_	.37	_		-
nnsylvania	30,679	27,897	76.7	75.3		4 60	110	
Ohio	1,418	1,383	97.6		1.75	1.69	151	144
Pennsylvania	23,021	20,241		95.2	3.35	3.31	151	148
West Virginia	6,240		70.3	69,5	1.49	1.43	153	145
uth Carolina		6,273	95.6	89.8	2.35	2.17	146	140
Vanhabr	6,239	6,445	73.5	65.9	.94	.89	172	172
Kentucky	5,356	5,709	73.6	64.1	.93	.87	173	174
Tennessee	188	51	-	.2	1.17	1.16	164	151
Virginia	682	673	93.0	86.5	.94	.97	161	
West Virginia	14	11	63.5	36.5	.78			157
uth Dakota	1,340	1,353	100.0			1.15	180	178
North Dakota	1,340	1,353		100.0	1.52	1.47	118	124
nessee	14,092		100.0	100.0	1.52	1.47	116	124
Illinois		12,381	79.3	81.7	1.66	1.65	136	135
	970	989	30.8	8.4	1.91	1.67	118	112
Indiana Kentucky	704	-	-	-	1.75	•	123	
	10,623	9,129						

Table 17. Destination of Coal Received at Electric Utility Plants by Origin, January-August 1990 (Continued)

State of Destination State of Origin	Rece (thousand s		Contract (perc		Sulfur C (lbs. s per MA	ulfur	Prid (cents per	
and Imports	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990	1989
Tennessee							404	
Tennessee	997	1,347	77.7	66.8	1.14	1.11	121	115
Virginia	798	897	100.0	81.4	1.39	1.44	131	123
West Virginia	-	18	-	100.0	-	2.09		139
Texas	56,217	56,925	97.2	89.0	1.01	.97	145	145
Colorado	1,207	955	68.6	100.0	.35	.35	206	221
Texas	32,817	32,461	99.8	91.8	1.56	1.54	106	103
	02,017	218	-	59,9	-	.45	•	171
Utah	22,193	23,290	94.9	84.9	.44	.43	184	184
Wyoming	9,430	8,725	88.0	92.4	.44	.43	113	125
Utah	904	870	100.0	100.0	.49	.40	221	239
Colorado	8,526	7,855	86.7	91.6	.43	.43	102	113
Utah		6,554	68.7	51,4	.75	.72	156	152
Virginia	5,024	•	62.4	44.3	.82	.79	159	153
Kentucky	1,666	2,154	71.2	71.5	.70	.70	153	156
Virginia	2,207	2,383	73.0	35.2	.75	.67	156	147
West Virginia	1,152	2,018		85.7	.87	.82	159	155
Washington	3,564	3,745	90.0	97,0	.93	.88	163	159
Washington	3,216	3,308	99.8	07,0	.35	.41	127	124
Wyoming	348	437	-	74.0	1.51	1,50	147	140
West Virginia	22,374	20,048	74.4	74.6		.77	176	170
Kentucky	560	539	83.1	57.3	.83		123	113
Maryland	664	585	57.1	42.5	1.37	1.44	96	104
Ohio	1,112	611	53.1	35.2	3.26	3.32		120
Pennsylvania	358	196	9.4	16.0	1.61	1.23	115	
West Virginia	19,679	18,118	77.1	78.2	1.44	1.47	150	142
Wisconsin	11,834	11,733	74.1	87.8	.85	.89	136	145
Illinois	855	1,005	72.4	89.0	1.79	1.79	142	143
Indiana	1.271	1,449	98.7	95.7	1.75	1.70	189	180
Kentucky	114	297	-	39,6	.60	1.22	184	156
	1,199	1,479	78.2	86.7	.69	.74	158	153
Montana	43	* *		_	.39	-	174	
New Mexico	1,123	899	100.0	100.0	1,29	1.28	156	15
Pennsylvania	1,120	37		-	_	.56	-	16:
Virginia	133	17	_	_	1.24	1.62	164	17:
West Virginia		6.549	68.1	87.4	.41	.40	112	129
Wyoming	7,096	14,215	83.2	90,6	.61	.59	84	8
Wyoming	14,974			90.6	.61	.59	84	8
Wyoming	14,974	14,215	83.2					
U.S. Total	523,883	496,015	82.8	83.1	1.29	1.27	146	14

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding. MM Btu represents million Btu. Source: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

Table 18. Origin of Coal Received at Electric Utility Plants by Destination, January-August 1990

State of Origin and Imports State of Destination	Receipts (thousand short tons)		Contract Receipts (percent)		Sulfur Content (lbs. sulfur per MM Btu)		Price (cents per MM Btu)	
	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990	198
Alabama	10,970	9,615	93.5	93.6	4.00			
Alabama	10,791	9,500	94.9		1.09	1.10	206	202
Florida	_	13	04.0	94.7	1.08	1.09	206	202
Georgia ,	179	102		**	-	2.55	-	114
Arizona			13.0	-	1.63	1.62	155	151
Arizona	7,173	8,084	100.0	100.0	.45	.45	109	104
Arizona	4,561	4,888	100.0	100.0	.44	.44	101	
Nevada	2,612	3,196	100.0	100.0	.48	.47		96
Colorado	10,335	9,008	82.8	87.4			123	113
Arizona	679	352	100.0		.39	.37	143	138
Colorado	6,781			100.0	.32	.34	175	171
Indiana	417	6,720	79,5	83.6	.39	.38	108	109
Kansas		37	100.0	•	.39	.35	300	306
Manual	178	-	94.2	_	.33		118	
Missouri	168	9	100,0	100.0	.40			
Nebraska	-	65	100,0			.31	159	139
Texas	1,207	955	20.0	100.0	-	.47	-	182
Utah	904		68.6	100.0	.35	.35	206	221
linois		870	100.0	100.0	.49	.40	221	239
Alshama	36,240	38,005	84.9	87.4	2,42	2.34	156	
Alabama	416	632	-	4.0	2,03			157
Florida	2,853	2,693	99.0			1.99	112	109
Georgia	3,363	3,464		100.0	2.42	2.37	208	198
Minols	10,503		94.3	100.0	2.52	2.20	170	187
Indiana	•	9,532	90.2	95.6	2.71	2.67	147	151
lowa	6,318	5,875	88.6	87.4	2.40	2.43	160	
lowa	796	1,138	89.1	69.2	2.48	2.52		160
Kansas	933	478	17.9	22,3			165	149
Kentucky	91	9		22.0	2.52	2,65	147	140
Minnesota	34	•	88.6		1.59	1.72	135	116
Mississippl	760	40	100.0	100.0	1.35	1.38	182	195
Missouri		704	90.1	89,6	2.02	2.00	150	
Oct-	8,323	9,445	85.2	89.8	2.22	2.17		147
Ohlo	24	-			2.57		151	150
Tennessee	970	989	30,8				117	_
Wisconsin	855	1.005		8.4	1.91	1.67	118	112
diana	21,099	,	72.4	89.0	1.79	1.79	142	143
Alabama	•	17,493	74.2	76.8	2.28	2.30	128	127
Clorida	459	188	-	-	2.05	2.84		
Florida	317	354		21.7	2.85		117	106
Illinois	1,402	1,274	73.0	68.5		2.97	108	126
Indiana	14,128	12,101			1.60	1.34	124	127
lowa	656		82.3	84.1	2.39	2.48	126	123
Kentucky		431	63.7	47.9	2.24	2.16	135	129
Michigan	1,820	1,440	61.8	42.2	2.39	2.14	110	
Manager	112	112	78.5	77.9	2.44	2.30		104
Minnesota	45	53	10.1				162	159
Mississippi	23			-	1.79	1.59	158	138
Missouri	115	55	400.0		4.17	-	126	-
Ohlo	46		100.0	49.1	2.90	1.09	122	123
Tennessee		35	-	-	2.93	2.32	109	
Wiennein	704	-	-	-	1.75		123	92
Wisconsin	1,271	1,449	98.7	95.7	1.75	170		
<i>W</i> a	43	26	100.0	100.0		1.70	189	180
lowa	43	26	100.0		3.45	3.76	163	150
nsas	477			100.0	3.45	3.76	163	150
Kansas	209	454	2.0	48.6	2.57	3.49	121	128
Missouri		402	-	49.2	2.44	3.59	121	
afucky	268	53	3.6	43.9	2.66	2.79	121	127
ntucky	87,090	79,232	73.4	71.0				132
Alabama	1,770	1,464	33.9		1.49	1.46	155	154
Connecticut	686	536		51.2	1.98	2.22	134	126
Delaware	117		92.6	89.0	.41	.39	212	216
Florida		24	14.2	75.0	.52	.61	194	177
Georgia	10,571	10,008	77.2	69.5	1.30	1.29		
Georgia	9,782	9,543	71.9	66,9	1.28		179	172
Illinois	1,486	1,062	41.2	65,4		1.26	168	164
Indiana ,	3,239	2,745			.83	.60	156	163
owa	9	•	89,6	80.8	2.35	2.45	135	125
Kentucky	-	53		-	2.73	2.34	124	136
Mandand	19,556	16,736	74.7	64.6	2.45	2.54		
Maryland ,	325	551	74.8	83.1			119	114
Massachusetts	49	23			.56	.59	161	166
Michigan	4,714		70.0	-	.75	.69	180	138
Minnesota		4,655	72.6	88.8	.72	.64	179	197
Miccipelani	8	1	56.6	•	.91	.59	189	
dississippi	1,889	1,558	66.8	81.3	1.04			198
dissouri	877	41	98.1			.87	170	181
rew Hampshire	17	7,	VU. [	100.0	2,52	2.53	123	131
lew Jersey		-	-	•	.68	_	201	-
lew York	31	48	-	-	.62	.58	190	177
	365							

Table 18. Origin of Coal Received at Electric Utility Plants by Destination, January-August 1990 (Continued)

Continued)								
State of Origin and Imports State of Destination	Receipts (thousand short tons)		Contract Receipts (percent)		SUPLY CATHOLIC  (CS. EL'A)  per MM Dill		ř.	1. ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) (
	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990	1539		
Kentucky			<del></del>			ra a a	1884	1.60.3
North Carolina	6,492	5,930	82.1	20.6				
Ohio	6.787	6,019	46.9	82 5	0.74	2.74	: 4	119
South Carolina	5,356	5.709	73.6	55 2	1.00	150	,	: 1 :
Tennessee	10,623	9,129	87.5	64 1	5.1	5.7	4.59	
Virginia	1.666	2,154	62.4	91.9 44.3	171	1 '5	á	· & :
West Virginia	560	539	83.1	573	92	7.5	1.3	11.4
Wisconsin	114	297	03.1	396	÷1	1.1	19	. 10
Louislana	2.109	1,899	100.0	86.9	€3	1.7.2	5.5.4	4.5
Louisiana	2,109	1,899	100.0	£6.9	.79	. 62	774	1.2.08
Maryland	1,845	1,497	49.5	51.8	79	÷ -:	. 4	. %
Delaware	21	7	100.0	1000	1,27	* 72	174	* 48
Maryland	1,101	905	46.6	57.4	T 31	1.16	: 8 *	N. 7#
Massachusetts	40	-	40.0	37.4	1 24	7	1	1779
New York	19			-	75		113	
West Virginia	664	585	57.1	40.6	1 23		' F !	
Missouri	1,637	2,015	97.3	42.5 99.0	1 57	2 4.4	2.23	11.2
Missouri	1,637	2,015	97.3	93.0	3.98	4/32	6.8 4	9
Montana	22,211	22,979	94.5		3 98	4 (3	. e .	2 15 15 #
Georgia	22,211	54	84.5	96.9	.58	<b>6</b> 3	441	*75
Illinois	1.842	1,817	100 0	00.5	•	7.4		· 4
Indiana	432	198		993	23	23	×13	18/3
Michigan	6,713	6,838	65.3 97.0	837	39 37	1.3	2 * 1	(4.9
Minnesota	6,131	6,084	90.1	1000	47 76	14	204	15.8
Montana	5,894	•	100.0	93 1	_	8.1	1.4	14.5
	3,034	6,508 0	100.0	100.0	73	ā)	<b>新</b> 丁	3.45
Nebraska	1100	_	78 2	62.7		53		A
Wisconsin	1,199	1,479	_	667	63	.″d.	1:3	
New Mexico	15,334	14,650	98.7 99.6	93.9	.74 50	.73	* 4 15	* <b>44</b> * 27 *
Arizona	4,890	4,816	99.6	100 0		6.9	155	133
Colorado		18	•	-		<b>A</b> !		, ,
Illinois	111	-	-	•	43 34		*12	
Missouri	18		-					100
New Mexico	10,272	9,816	100.0	100 0	87	21.5	1.1 1/4	100
Wisconsin	43		400.0	00.6	19	9 93	17.4 12.2	Y.4
North Dakota	15,533	15,706	100.0	98.0	1,25	3 29	1/4	· · · ·
Minnesota	1		100.0	07.0	27	* :	1.3	£ #
North Dakota	14,192	14,353	100.0	978	1 20 1 52	4 · ·	118	104
South Dakota	1,340	1,353	100.0	100 0	2.54	2 80	973	1.54
Ohio	20,196	20,312	72.0	75.3	2.01	7 1-3	113	
Alabama ,	408	1,698	93.9	100 0	2.19	1 773	143	,
Georgia	16	<u>:</u>	-	•	221	1 25	4,1	13/3
Indiana	44	7		50.0	2.29	2 13	14.3	ιψά
Kentucky	197	108	55.2	58 0	5 3 3	243	21.3	No.
Michigan	97	84	100.0	100 0	2 10	н.	17.1	
Missouri	24	-	-	•	165		101	**
New Jersey	14		-	-	151	5.53	11.	5. 3
New York	38	7		70.0	2.50	177	154	151
Ohio	16,828	16,414	71.2	72.6	3 3 3	331	151	14.8
Pennsylvania	1,4 18	1,383	97.6	95 2 35 2	326	371	9.84	r () 4
West Virginia	1,112	611	53.1		1.28	* 84	* 59	143
Oklahoma	927	695	49.7	38.1	3 64	3.32	+ 4	5.2.65
Missouri	36	231	100.0	66.9	1.10	111	:14	143
Oklahoma	891	463	47.6	23 8	1.48	2 4.1	154	147
Pennsylvania	34,353	30,945	67.6	68.5	105	4.1%	3.8	17.0
Delaware	229	305	39.8	81.3	203	1 3-8		* ***
Kentucky	11	18	*	49 4	148	1 43	19:	14. 演
Maryland	1,670	1,638	92.2	950	1 (8	1.34	1 " %	三基 準
Massachusetts	735	533	31.2	10.1	1.09	1 31	159	17.4
Michigan	1,257	1,064	71.7	81.5	102		100	**
Minnesota	3	-	100.0	•	1 54	#9	1.3	, # <b>4</b> .
New Hampshire	100	119	100.0	•	.95	1 27	1 % 9	7.9.3
New Jersey	26	25		44 9	1.45	1 42	1 to 15	) & @
New York	3,629	3,825	47.7		172	9 7 1	1 ' 4	4 I 4
Ohio	2,191	2,081	59.4	54 5 60 5	1.49	3 4 3	4.803	4 %
Pennsylvania	23,021	20,241	70.3	69 5	t@1	14.5	8 4 8	100
West Virginia	358	196	9.4	16 0 100 0	1 20	1 24	5 m 2/	178
Wisconsin	1,123	899	100.0	80.0	1,15	4.08	7 4 7	* 3/3
Tennessee	3,275	3,045	57.1	34 2	47	S. 1		123
Alabama	566	491	13.3					
~4dUalita					and an experience of the second			

Table 18. Origin of Coal Received at Electric Utility Plants by Destination, January-August 1990 (Continued)

State of Origin and Imports State of Destination	Receipts (tho usand short tons)			Contract Receipts (percent)		Sulfur Content (lbs. sulfur per MM Btu)		Price (cents per MM Btu)	
	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990	198	
ennessee							<del>~</del>		
Florida ,	75	42	100.0	100.0	0.85	0.80	217	213	
Georgia	1,054	632	58.8	87.1	1.08	.75	186	204	
Kentucky	395	336	82.6	6.5	2.08	2.05	121	103	
North Carolina	-	145	_	100.0	2.00	1.07	141	191	
South Carolina	188	51	_	.2	1.17	1.16	164	151	
Tennessee	997	1,347	77.7	66,8	1.14	1.11			
exas	32,817	32,461	99.8	91.8			121	115	
Texas	32.817	32,461	99.8		1.56	1.54	106	103	
Itah	10,410	•		91.8	1.56	1.54	106	103	
Nevada	1.884	9,622	89.1	92.2	.44	-43	117	128	
Texas	1,004	1,549	99.6	100.0	,47	.45	181	192	
Utah	2 524	218		59.9	-	.45	-	171	
	8,526	7,855	86.7	91.6	.43	.43	102	113	
irginia	11,452	12,245	87.4	82.4	.88	.88	169	165	
Delaware	197	21	51.9	100.0	.69	.69	197	201	
Florida	598	535	95.0	100.0	.58	.58	243	232	
Georgia	2,186	2,269	79.0	67.8	1,07	1,11	175	168	
Illinois		3			-	,59	1/3		
Kentucky	60	_	100.0	_	.58	,00		184	
Massachusetts	928	1,284	92.0	100.0			158	44.	
Michigan	113	398			.95	.91	174	181	
New Jersey	760		100.0	100,0	1.09	.92	186	175	
North Carolina		837	99.2	74.5	.58	.61	177	172	
Obla	2,924	2,887	96.9	92,8	,84	.80	168	170	
Ohlo		21	-	-	•	1.06	-	183	
South Carolina	682	673	93.0	86,5	.94	.97	161	157	
Tennesseo	798	897	100.0	81.4	1,39	1.44	131	123	
Virginla	2,207	2,383	71.2	71.5	.70	.70	153	156	
Wisconsin	-	37	_	-		.56	-	163	
ashington	3,218	3,308	99.8	97.0	.93	.88	163		
Washington	3,216	3,308	99.8	97.0	.93			159	
est Virginia	58,553	54,733	78.5			.88	163	159	
Alabama	4	36	1012	75.7	1,32	1.29	157	151	
Delaware	955	834	000	100.0	.51	.60	151	124	
Florida			95.3	93.6	.68	.65	183	183	
Georgia	1,376	1,391	90.0	87,0	.94	.96	184	182	
Winele	966	867	100,0	100,0	.57	.53	246	241	
illinois	172	187	13.4	58.7	.51	.52	157	167	
Indiana	264	216	67.8	42,3	.55	.81	206	179	
Kentucky	2,037	1,634	39.8	42.6	.62	.67	129	116	
Louisiana	159	117	100.0	100,0	.52	.50	205	202	
Maryland	3,672	2,646	64.3	56.9	.98	,94	158	148	
Massachusetts	974	1,088	81.6	87.3	.96	.93	169		
Michigan	3,853	3,931	77.4	78.0	.67			154	
Minnesota	2	-	100.0	70.0		.58	171	182	
Mississippi	-	24	100.0	-	.95	-	169		
New Hampshire				-	-	1,20	•	144	
Nout Interpolate annual	572	496	77.0	<del>.</del>	1.65	1.67	176	168	
New Jersey	1,175	1,316	86.6	76.1	1,01	1.03	180	176	
New York	2,922	2,274	88.6	92.3	1.57	1.48	161	163	
North Carolina	3,615	2,933	80.9	85.4	.64	.62	178	174	
Ohio	8,618	8,285	76.6	70. <del>9</del>	1.50	1.48	148	139	
Pennsylvania	6,240	6,273	95.6	89.8	2.35	2.17	146	140	
South Carolina	14	11	63,5	36.5	.78	1.15	180	178	
Tennessee	_	18	-	100.0		2.09	100		
Virginia	1,152	2,018	73.0	35.2	.75		450	139	
West Virginia	19,679	18,118	77.1	78.2		.67	156	147	
Wisconsin	133	·	77.1	70.2	1.44	1.47	150	142	
oming	115,691	17	050	00.0	1.24	1.62	164	175	
Alabama		109,214	85.8	89.2	.44	.45	134	138	
	216	7010	-	-	.44	-	170	-	
Arkansas	7,048	7,646	100.0	100.0	.39	.39	164	163	
Colorado	3,541	3,764	100.0	95.7	.39	.37	106	101	
Georgia	971	24	6.0	-	.39	.40	134	166	
illinois	2,194	2,412	95.1	98.7	.42	.49	293	290	
Indiana	8,130	4,122	82.6	70.7	.39				
lowa	8,889	7,925	69.5	88.7		.45	128	148	
Kansas	9,316	9,347			.43	.43	105	119	
Kentucky		0,047	97.2	91.1	.41	.42	123	121	
Louisiana	113	£ 0.40	34.6	400 :	.35	-	124	-	
Louisiana	4,852	5,948	100,0	100.0	.55	.55	180	170	
Michigan	1,371	505	36.9	-	.33	.34	110	119	
		4 6 5 4	00.4	** *				110	
Minnesota Missouri	4,676	4,054	99.1	99.6	.30	.31	125	120	

Table 18. Origin of Coal Received at Electric Utility Plants by Destination, January-August 1990 (Continued)

State of Origin and Imports State of Destination	Receipts (thousand short tons)		Contract Receipts (percent)		Sulfur Content (lbs. sulfur per MM Btu)		Price (cents per MM Btu)	
	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990	1989
/yoming			·					
Nebraska	5,719	4,887	76.9	88.5	0.42	0.42	77	85
Nevada	433	199	100.0	100.0	.44	.55	202	196
Oklahoma	8,826	9,301	92.7	95.4	.45	.45	139	136
Oregon	223	-	100.0	-	,37		110	-
Texas	22,193	23,290	94.9	84.9	.44	.43	184	184
Washington	348	437	-	-	.35	.41	127	124
Wisconsin	7,096	6,549	68.1	87.4	.41	.40	112	129
Wyoming	14,974	14,215	83.2	90.6	.61	.59	84	85
nported Coal	898	772	62.4	59.4	.60	.55	175	179
Canada ,	34	-	•	-	,97	-	181	-
New Hampshire	34	-	-	-	.97	-	181	_
Colombia	543	729	88.2	62.9	.65	.56	178	181
Florida	479	459	100.0	100.0	.65	.61	177	173
Georgia	-	23	-	-	-	.54	-	173
Maryland	-	247	-	_	-	.47	-	19.5
Massachusetts	64	-	-	-	.61	-	179	-
Venezuela	321	43	25.3	-	.48	.36	169	147
Florida	170	37	-	-	.53	.36	153	141
Massachusetts	70	_	-	-	.48	-	181	-
New Hampshire	81	-	100.0	_	.39	-	189	-
New Jersey	-	в	-	-	-	.37	-	188
.S. Total	523,883	496,015	82.8	83.1	1.29	1,27	146	144

Notes: Totals may not equal sum of components because of Independent rounding. MM Btu represents million Btu.

Source: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants."

#### State Coal Profile: Montana

Total Area of State:

147,138 square miles

Area Underlain by Coal:

51,300 square miles

Demonstrated Reserve Base of Coal: (January 1, 1990)

120 billion short tons (25 percent of U.S. total)

First Year of Documented Coal Production:

1880 (224 short tons)

Peak Year of Coal Production:

1988 (39 million short tons)

1989 Coal Production:

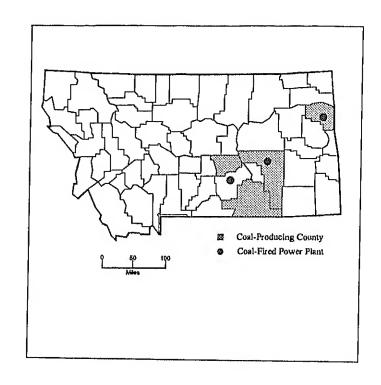
38 million short tons (4 percent of U.S. total)

1989 f.o.b. Mine Price:

\$10.27 per short ton (U.S. average = \$21.82)

1989 Coal Consumption:

10 million short tons (1 percent of U.S. total)



	Number	Percentage of U.S. Total
Number of Mines (1989) Underground Surface	9	<1
Surface	9	<1
(at mines producing more than 10,000 short tons)  Underground  Surface	682 0 682	<1  <1
Average Quality of Utility Coal Receipts (1989)	Montana	<u>U.S. Average</u>
Heat Content (million Btu per short ton) Sulfur Content (percent by the second to the	17.0	20.9
(percent by weight)	0.7	1.3
(percent by weight)	9.5	9.9
Energy Information Administration/ Weekly Coa	Production	

About 35 percent of Montana is underlain by coal-bearing rocks. The coal deposits occur in an area of more than 50,000 square miles, and are widely distributed throughout the State. Coal, the leading mineral commodity in the State in 1989, ranked slightly higher in value than crude oil and accounted for more than one-fourth of the total value of all minerals produced. In addition, coal production generated more than \$60 million in State severance taxes, and \$28 million in royalties from Federal and Indian leases.

Montana's demonstrated reserve base of coal, which amounts to over 120 billion short tons, is the largest in the Nation. This coal consists of subbituminous, bituminous, and lignite deposits. However, almost all of the output is now subbituminous coal, with a small amount As mined, the coal has a heat content ranging from 13 to 22 million Btu per short ton, a sulfur content generally less than 1 percent by weight, and an ash content from 3 to 11 percent by weight. Of the eight coalbeds presently mined, the Rosebud coalbed is the major source of production. The bed is located in the Powder River Basin, the most important coal-producing area in the State. The Powder River Basin, located in the southeastern part of Montana, has some of the thickest coalbeds in the Nation, ranging from 15 to 80 feet in thickness. The Rosebud, which accounts for more than half of the State's production, ranges up to 30 feet in thickness.

Coal was reportedly first used in Montana in 1807, when a Spanish fur trader used it as heating fuel for his outpost. The industry began on a small scale in 1880, with a little more than 200 short tons mined. production in 1889 was more than 350,000 short tons, and by 1895 it averaged over one million short tons per year. By 1900, the coal mining industry was well established in the State, with coal being used primarily for fueling railroad engines and for heating homes. Production rose to nearly 5 million short tons in 1918, after which it dropped to an average of 3 million short tons annually. The influence of World War II created a slight increase in production in the 1940's, raising the average annual production to 4 million short tons. In the 1950's, Montana coal production declined significantly as coal-fired locomotives were replaced by diesel locomotives. In the following decade, the State's coal-mining industry declined, producing less than a total of 4 million short tons of coal during that entire period.

The 1970's brought about a significant increase in Montana's coal production. The State produced 3 million short tons of coal in 1970, and by 1975 it reached 22 million short tons. The increase in production was due largely to the Colstrip coal-fired power plant, which began operating in 1975 with one generating unit. Over the next decade, coal production continued to rise as the plant added additional generating units. During this period, annual production averaged 30 million short tons. Coal production in the State has remained relatively stable since.

In 1987, the Montana legislature enacted H.B. 252 which sought to increase coal production by lowering coal severance taxes, the highest in the Nation. A goal of 32 million short tons of coal production in the State was set for fiscal year 1988, and if met, the severance tax would be lowered. In that period, the coal industry produced more than 38 million short tons, exceeding the legislated goal and setting a new coal production record. As a result, the tax dropped from 30 to 25 percent on July 1, 1988, and to 20 percent on July 1, 1990. The tax will be lowered again to 15 percent on July 1, 1991. For the coal industry, the decade of the eighties has been the most productive, averaging more than 30 million short tons of coal annually. In 1989 coal output was nearly 38 million short tons, ranking Montana 8th among the 27 coalproducing States. Cumulative coal production through 1989 was nearly 700 million short tons.

Coal is mined in four of the State's 56 counties at nine surface mines, with more than 95 percent of the output coming from Big Horn and Rosebud Counties. Large-scale surface mining in Montana began in the 1920's. Although underground mining has been extensive in the past, all production is currently from surface mines. In 1989, Montana had five of the largest coal mines in the country. The Rosebud mine, the third largest coal mine in the United States, is operated by Western Energy Company. The mine produced nearly 14 million short tons of coal, accounting for over one-third of the State's output. contrast, the Knife River Savage Mine, the State's only lignite mine, which is operated by the Knife River Mine Company, produced about 200,000 short tons. In 1989, more than 60 percent of the State's production was from Federal coal leases, with the balance from Indian and other coal leases. Montana's surface mine productivity, averaging 19 short tons per miner per hour, is the second highest in the Nation, following Wyoming.

Of the 38 million short tons of coal produced in Montana in 1989, the State consumed a total of 10 million short tons. Electric power plants accounted for over 95 percent of total coal consumption, while most of the remainder was used by industries, such as sugar refineries and cement plants. About 26 million short tons of Montana coal was distributed to power plants in eight other States. Michigan and Minnesota together accounted for more than three-fourths of those shipments. Less than 1 million short tons of coal were exported.

In 1989, the six coal-fired units in Montana had a net summer capability of 2,260 megawatts. These units accounted for over 40 percent of the generating capability in the State, with more than 50 percent of the generating capability coming from hydroelectricity. In 1989 the coal-fired units generated over 16 billion kilowatthours of electricity. Colstrip, the largest power plant in the State, accounted for over 90 percent of the coal-fired generating capability, and is owned and operated by the Montana Power Company. This plant, one of the larger power plants in the West, is located in Rosebud County, and has four coal-fired generating units with a total capability of 2,060 megawatts. Since the early 1980's, coal's share of electricity generation in the State has increased from one-third to two-thirds of the total.

Currently three projects are underway in Montana to help use the abundant coal reserves in the State as well as in the Nation. project is aimed at developing magnetohydrodynamic (MHD) generation. With MHD, coal is burned at high temperatures, and the combustion gases are used as a conductor in a magnetic field to produce electricity. Existing coal-fired power plants have plant efficiencies of 32 to 35 percent, but an MHD power plant would have an efficiency of 50 to 60 percent. The MHD project, located in Butte, is part of the Department of Energy's Clean Coal Technology (CCT) Program, a joint industry government venture to demonstrate the clean and efficient burning of coal.

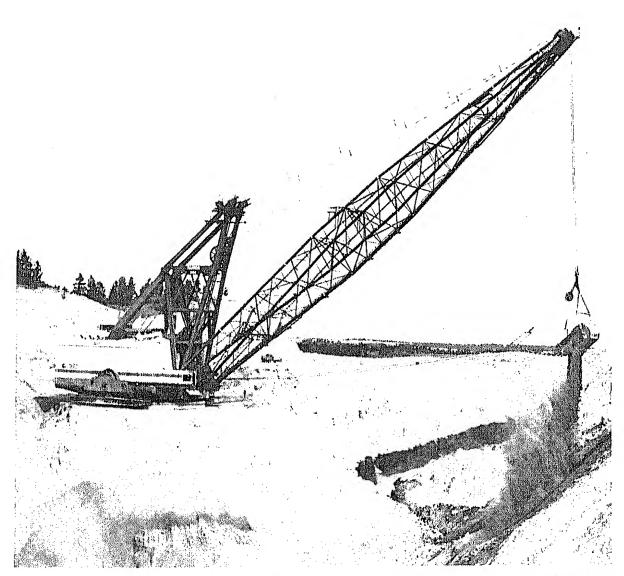
A second project, also part of the CCT Program, is for the construction of a demonstration coal processing plant at Western Energy's Rosebud mine, near Colstrip in southwestern Montana. The plant will use a novel coal-cleaning process that will increase the heating value of coal by reducing its moisture content. The new plant will be integrated with existing coal crushing and other facilities at the mine. If the project is

successful, Western Energy plans to have a privately-financed commercial-scale plant with a capacity of 1 to 3 million short tons per year operating by 1997. The third project, which began commercial operations in May 1990, is the Colstrip Refuse Coal Project, a joint venture between the Pacific Gas and Electric Company and Bechtel Development Company. It is the State's first waste-coal power plant, and the first of its type in the Rocky Mountain Region to use a circulating fluidized bed boiler. The 35 MW plant will supply electricity to the Montana Power Company under a 35-year contract. Western Energy Company will truck waste coal from its Rosebud mine to the plant, which is required by Federal permit to burn at least 75 percent waste coal.

Montana's coal production is expected to remain relatively stable during the next few years, with most of the coal used for generating electricity. The passage of the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendments, however, could improve the prospects for further development of the State's vast coal reserves, most of which have a low-sulfur content. Future prospects also include larger exports, particularly to Asia, where test burns are currently being conducted. In addition, the development of coalbed methane in the Powder River Basin in Wyoming could extend into Montana.

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This dragline is in operation at Montana's Rosebud Mine, which is the third-largest coal producing mine in the Nation.

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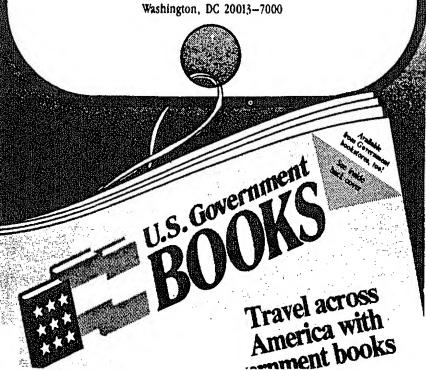
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